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Economic and environmental questions: sustainable development

Progress towards the Sustainable Development Goals

Report of the Secretary-General

Supplementary Information

Summary

The following information is supplementary to the Report of the Secretary-General Progress towards the Sustainable Development Goals (E/2016/75). It contains the Statistical Annex of global and regional data for the Sustainable Development Goal indicators, on some of the indicators in the proposed global indicator framework agreed to at the 47th session of the United Nations Statistical Commission in March 2016, as a practical starting point. The indicators presented are those for which data are already available. This Statistical Annex is also available in English only at the following website: unstats.un.org/sdgs/.

Supplementary Information

Statistical Annex: Global and regional data for Sustainable Development Goal indicators

Goal 1 End poverty in all its forms everywhere

Target 1.1 By 2030, eradicate extreme poverty for all people everywhere, currently measured as people living on less than \$1.25 a day

Indicator 1.1.1 Proportion of population below the international poverty line, by sex, age, employment status and geographical location (urban/rural)^{*a,b*}

(a) Proportion of population below the international poverty line of US\$1.90 per day

(Percentage)

| | 2002 | 2005 | 2010 | 2012 |
|---------------------------------|------|------|------|------|
| World | 26.3 | 20.9 | 16.3 | 12.7 |
| Developing regions | 33.0 | 26.0 | 19.9 | 15.4 |
| Northern Africa | 5.3 | 3.9 | 2.1 | 1.7 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 57.3 | 50.8 | 46.1 | 42.6 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 13.2 | 10.8 | 6.5 | 5.6 |
| Eastern Asia | 31.9 | 18.7 | 11.2 | 6.5 |
| Southern Asia | 35.9 | 30.4 | 23.3 | 15.4 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 20.6 | 17.0 | 10.4 | 8.3 |
| Western Asia | - | - | - | - |
| Oceania | 47.9 | 44.9 | 35.2 | 29.7 |
| Caucasus and Central Asia | 33.4 | 26.5 | 15.2 | 11.6 |
| Developed regions | - | - | - | - |
| Least developed countries | 51.3 | 46.1 | 40.6 | 36.4 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 48.6 | 41.9 | 35.4 | 30.5 |
| Small island developing States | 30.2 | 30.2 | 27.2 | 25.0 |

| | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 |
|---------------------------------|------|------|------|------|
| World | 27.5 | 18.6 | 14.4 | 10.2 |
| Developing regions | 34.9 | 23.3 | 17.8 | 12.4 |
| Northern Africa | 8.1 | 8.2 | 6.3 | 5.3 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 52.8 | 45.2 | 39.7 | 33.5 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 8.3 | 6.6 | 4.2 | 3.5 |
| Eastern Asia | 34.2 | 13.2 | 8.4 | 4.9 |
| Southern Asia | 42.2 | 36.7 | 30.0 | 18.1 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 37.6 | 22.2 | 12.9 | 8.3 |
| Western Asia | 3.8 | 3.4 | 2.9 | 3.2 |
| Oceania | 48.5 | 44.3 | 29.4 | 15.5 |
| Caucasus and Central Asia | 22.3 | 13.5 | 6.1 | 3.5 |
| Developed regions | - | - | - | - |
| Least developed countries | 65.7 | 57.1 | 47.7 | 38.9 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 47.2 | 37.5 | 30.9 | 24.9 |
| Small island developing States | 17.2 | 16.6 | 14.3 | 11.4 |

(b) Proportion of employed population below the international poverty line of US\$1.90 per day^c (Percentage)

Proportion of employed population below the international poverty line of US\$1.90 per day, by age^d (Percentage) (c)

| | 20 | 2000 | | 2005 | | 10 | 20 | 15 |
|---------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | Adult | Youth | Adult | Youth | Adult | Youth | Adult | Youth |
| World | 26.0 | 33.9 | 17.2 | 24.6 | 13.3 | 20.0 | 9.3 | 15.5 |
| Developing regions | 33.6 | 39.6 | 22.0 | 28.3 | 16.7 | 22.7 | 11.5 | 17.6 |
| Northern Africa | 7.8 | 9.1 | 7.7 | 9.8 | 5.9 | 7.9 | 5.1 | 6.4 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 51.2 | 57.4 | 43.6 | 49.8 | 38.2 | 44.0 | 32.3 | 36.9 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 7.8 | 9.9 | 6.2 | 8.2 | 4.0 | 4.7 | 3.5 | 3.9 |
| Eastern Asia | 32.9 | 40.4 | 12.4 | 17.3 | 7.9 | 11.5 | 4.7 | 7.0 |
| Southern Asia | 41.5 | 44.4 | 36.2 | 38.4 | 29.2 | 33.3 | 17.4 | 21.6 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 36.3 | 42.6 | 21.0 | 27.3 | 12.2 | 16.4 | 7.8 | 11.0 |
| Western Asia | 3.9 | 3.2 | 3.4 | 3.3 | 3.0 | 2.6 | 3.1 | 3.4 |
| Oceania | 46.3 | 54.9 | 42.2 | 50.9 | 27.5 | 36.0 | 14.2 | 20.2 |
| Caucasus and Central Asia | 21.2 | 27.1 | 12.8 | 16.5 | 5.8 | 7.3 | 3.3 | 4.3 |
| Developed regions | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Least developed countries | 65.3 | 66.7 | 56.8 | 57.7 | 47.5 | 48.4 | 38.8 | 38.9 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 45.4 | 51.9 | 35.9 | 41.6 | 29.6 | 34.4 | 23.9 | 27.3 |
| Small island developing States | 16.0 | 22.9 | 15.4 | 22.8 | 13.4 | 19.1 | 10.8 | 14.8 |

Proportion of employed population below the international poverty line of (d) US\$1.90 per day, by sex^c (Percentage)

| | 200 | 00 | 20 | 05 | 20 | 10 | 20 | 15 |
|---------------------------------|------|-------|------|-------|------|-------|------|-------|
| | Men | Women | Men | Women | Men | Women | Men | Women |
| World | 27.0 | 28.4 | 18.7 | 18.5 | 14.8 | 13.8 | 10.2 | 10.2 |
| Developing regions | 33.5 | 37.1 | 22.8 | 23.9 | 17.8 | 17.8 | 12.1 | 13.0 |
| Northern Africa | 8.0 | 8.2 | 8.3 | 7.4 | 6.4 | 5.6 | 5.2 | 5.4 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 51.3 | 54.8 | 43.6 | 47.3 | 38.1 | 41.6 | 32.1 | 35.1 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 8.7 | 7.6 | 6.8 | 6.3 | 4.1 | 4.2 | 3.5 | 3.7 |
| Eastern Asia | 34.0 | 34.5 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 8.4 | 8.5 | 4.8 | 5.1 |
| Southern Asia | 39.4 | 49.4 | 34.6 | 41.9 | 28.9 | 33.3 | 17.0 | 21.2 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 36.7 | 38.9 | 21.3 | 23.5 | 12.9 | 13.0 | 8.5 | 8.0 |
| Western Asia | 4.3 | 1.6 | 3.7 | 2.0 | 3.3 | 1.4 | 3.5 | 2.0 |
| Oceania | 45.8 | 51.7 | 42.1 | 46.9 | 28.5 | 30.5 | 15.5 | 15.5 |
| Caucasus and Central Asia | 23.9 | 20.3 | 15.5 | 11.0 | 7.5 | 4.2 | 4.4 | 2.3 |
| Developed regions | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Least developed countries | 64.2 | 67.6 | 56.1 | 58.2 | 47.4 | 48.1 | 38.9 | 38.9 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 47.2 | 47.3 | 37.9 | 37.0 | 31.2 | 30.5 | 25.4 | 24.2 |
| Small island developing States | 15.4 | 19.9 | 15.1 | 19.0 | 13.0 | 16.0 | 10.4 | 12.8 |

Proportion of employed population below the international poverty line of US\$1.90 per day, men, by age^d (Percentage) **(e)**

| | 2000 | | 20 | 05 | 20 | 10 | 20 | 15 |
|---------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | Adult | Youth | Adult | Youth | Adult | Youth | Adult | Youth |
| World | 25.6 | 33.0 | 17.3 | 24.6 | 13.7 | 20.3 | 9.3 | 15.4 |
| Developing regions | 32.4 | 37.9 | 21.6 | 27.9 | 16.8 | 22.7 | 11.2 | 17.2 |
| Northern Africa | 7.8 | 9.1 | 7.9 | 10.2 | 6.1 | 8.3 | 5.0 | 6.5 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 49.1 | 57.5 | 41.4 | 49.6 | 36.1 | 44.1 | 30.4 | 37.2 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 8.0 | 11.0 | 6.2 | 8.8 | 3.9 | 5.0 | 3.3 | 4.1 |
| Eastern Asia | 32.8 | 40.1 | 12.4 | 17.8 | 7.8 | 11.9 | 4.5 | 7.2 |
| Southern Asia | 38.9 | 41.2 | 34.1 | 36.1 | 28.2 | 31.7 | 16.4 | 20.4 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 35.2 | 42.2 | 20.0 | 26.6 | 12.2 | 16.4 | 7.9 | 11.4 |
| Western Asia | 4.4 | 3.9 | 3.7 | 3.8 | 3.3 | 3.1 | 3.4 | 3.8 |
| Oceania | 43.6 | 52.4 | 40.1 | 48.9 | 26.7 | 34.9 | 14.3 | 20.1 |
| Caucasus and Central Asia | 22.7 | 28.8 | 14.8 | 18.6 | 7.3 | 8.7 | 4.3 | 5.1 |
| Developed regions | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Least developed countries | 63.5 | 66.1 | 55.6 | 57.6 | 47.0 | 48.7 | 38.7 | 39.5 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 45.1 | 52.7 | 36.0 | 42.8 | 29.5 | 35.7 | 24.2 | 28.7 |
| Small island developing States | 14.2 | 21.2 | 13.9 | 21.1 | 12.1 | 18.0 | 9.7 | 14.2 |

| | 20 | 2000 | | 05 | 2010 | | 20 | 15 |
|---------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | Adult | Youth | Adult | Youth | Adult | Youth | Adult | Youth |
| World | 26.7 | 35.3 | 17.1 | 24.6 | 12.7 | 19.6 | 9.3 | 15.5 |
| Developing regions | 35.7 | 42.1 | 22.6 | 29.0 | 16.7 | 22.8 | 12.0 | 18.1 |
| Northern Africa | 7.9 | 9.2 | 7.2 | 8.2 | 5.4 | 6.2 | 5.4 | 5.8 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 53.8 | 57.4 | 46.2 | 50.0 | 40.8 | 43.9 | 34.6 | 36.6 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 7.5 | 8.0 | 6.0 | 7.2 | 4.2 | 4.4 | 3.7 | 3.4 |
| Eastern Asia | 33.1 | 40.7 | 12.4 | 16.8 | 8.0 | 11.0 | 4.9 | 6.8 |
| Southern Asia | 48.4 | 52.5 | 41.3 | 44.2 | 32.2 | 37.8 | 20.4 | 25.2 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 37.7 | 43.1 | 22.3 | 28.3 | 12.3 | 16.3 | 7.6 | 10.4 |
| Western Asia | 1.7 | 1.3 | 2.0 | 1.8 | 1.5 | 1.1 | 2.0 | 2.1 |
| Oceania | 49.5 | 57.7 | 44.8 | 53.2 | 28.5 | 37.2 | 14.1 | 20.2 |
| Caucasus and Central Asia | 19.4 | 24.6 | 10.5 | 13.7 | 4.0 | 5.4 | 2.2 | 3.1 |
| Developed regions | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Least developed countries | 67.7 | 67.4 | 58.4 | 57.9 | 48.1 | 48.1 | 39.1 | 38.2 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 45.8 | 50.9 | 35.6 | 40.3 | 29.6 | 32.8 | 23.7 | 25.6 |
| Small island developing States | 18.7 | 25.5 | 17.7 | 25.5 | 15.2 | 20.5 | 12.3 | 15.7 |

(f) Proportion of employed population below the international poverty line of US\$1.90 per day, women, by age^d

^a Based on the international poverty line of US\$1.90 per day.

^b Estimates in developed regions are not available at this stage.

^c Refers to persons aged 15 and above.

^d Adults refer to persons aged 25 and above; youth refers to persons aged 15 to 24 inclusive.

Target 1.3

Implement nationally appropriate social protection systems and measures for all, including floors, and by 2030 achieve substantial coverage of the poor and the vulnerable

Indicator 1.3.1

Proportion of population covered by social protection floors/systems, by sex, distinguishing children, unemployed persons, older persons, persons with disabilities, pregnant women, newborns, work-injury victims and the poor and the vulnerable

(a) **Proportion of unemployed receiving unemployment benefits**^{*a*} (Percentage)

| | 2002 | 2005 | 2010 | 2012 |
|---------------------------------|------|------|------|------|
| World | 11.2 | 14.6 | 11.6 | 11.3 |
| Africa | 0.7 | 0.8 | 0.8 | 0.7 |
| Middle East | 2.9 | 2.0 | 2.6 | 2.8 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 2.7 | 2.6 | 4.3 | 2.1 |
| Asia and the Pacific | 6.4 | 10.4 | 6.6 | 6.4 |

| | 2002 | 2005 | 2010 | 2012 |
|----------------------------|------|------|------|------|
| Central and Eastern Europe | 19.1 | 29.1 | 25.1 | 21.9 |
| North America | 38.1 | 36.0 | 32.3 | 28.8 |
| Western Europe | 61.3 | 68.9 | 67.4 | 64.2 |

^a Data refer to contributory and non-contributory schemes. Unemployed beneficiaries of general social assistance schemes are not included due to unavailability of data. Regional estimates for the regions established for the purposes of SDG reporting are currently not available.

(b) Coverage of social assistance, social insurance and labour market programs^a (Percentage)

| | 2000-2014 |
|---------------------------------|-----------|
| World | 38.1 |
| Developing regions | - |
| Northern Africa | - |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 19.4 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 59.6 |
| Eastern Asia | - |
| Southern Asia | 27.2 |
| Southern Asia excluding India | 20.0 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 59.5 |
| Western Asia | 56.1 |
| Oceania | 5.4 |
| Caucasus and Central Asia | 59.2 |
| Developed regions | - |
| Least developed countries | 17.2 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 30.0 |
| Small island developing States | 17.3 |

^aData for Northern Africa, Eastern Asia, Developing regions and Developed regions are not available due to low population coverage (less than 50 per cent).

Goal 2 End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture

Target 2.1

By 2030, end hunger and ensure access by all people, in particular the poor and people in vulnerable situations, including infants, to safe, nutritious and sufficient food all year round

| | 2000-02 | 2005-07 | 2010-12 | 2014-16 ^a |
|---------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|----------------------|
| World | 14.9 | 14.3 | 11.8 | 10.8 |
| Developing regions | 18.2 | 17.3 | 14.1 | 12.9 |
| Northern Africa | <5.0 | <5.0 | <5.0 | <5.0 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 30.0 | 26.5 | 24.2 | 22.9 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 11.4 | 8.4 | 6.4 | 5.5 |
| Eastern Asia | 16.0 | 15.2 | 11.8 | 9.6 |
| Eastern Asia excluding China | 14.6 | 13.9 | 15.1 | 14.6 |
| Southern Asia | 18.5 | 20.1 | 16.1 | 15.7 |
| Southern Asia excluding India | 21.0 | 19.0 | 17.5 | 17.0 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 22.3 | 18.3 | 12.1 | 9.6 |
| Western Asia | 8.6 | 9.3 | 8.9 | 8.4 |
| Oceania | 16.5 | 15.4 | 13.5 | 14.2 |
| Caucasus and Central Asia | 15.3 | 11.3 | 8.9 | 7.0 |
| Developed regions | <5.0 | <5.0 | <5.0 | <5.0 |
| Least developed countries | 36.5 | 31.4 | 28 | 26.5 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 33.6 | 28.1 | 24.5 | 22.7 |
| Small island developing States | 22.5 | 21.3 | 18.2 | 18.0 |

Indicator 2.1.1 Prevalence of undernourishment (Percentage)

^a Projections.

Indicator 2.1.2

Prevalence of moderate or severe food insecurity in the population, based on the Food Insecurity Experience Scale (FIES)

(a) Estimated prevalence of moderate or severe food insecurity in the adult population^{*a,b*} (Percentage)

| | 2014 | 2015 |
|-------|------------------|------------------|
| World | 20.0 (19.4-20.6) | 20.5 (19.8-21.2) |

| | 2014 | 2015 |
|--------------------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Northern Africa | 21.8 (20.3-23.3) | 18.6 (17.1-20.1) |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 54.3 (53.2-55.4) | 57.2 (56.2-58.2) |
| Latin America | 24.5 (23.9-25.1) | 25.7 (25.1-26.3) |
| Eastern Asia | - | 6.3 (5.2-7.4) |
| Eastern Asia excluding China | 8.4 (7.3-9.5) | 6.0 (5.2-6.8) |
| Southern Asia | 28.8 (26.3-31.3) | 24.3 (22-26.6) |
| Southern Asia excluding India | 38.7 (36.7-40.7) | 36.3 (34.3-38.3) |
| South-Eastern Asia | 18.9 (17.5-20.3) | 21.1 (18.8-23.4) |
| Western Asia | 31.1 (29.8-32.4) | 33.0 (31.7-34.3) |
| Caucasus and Central Asia | 11.6 (10.7-12.5) | 11.4 (10.6-12.2) |
| Developed regions | 8.4 (8.1-8.7) | 8.1 (7.8-8.4) |
| Least developed countries | 46.1 (45.0-47.2) | 47.6 (46.5-48.7) |
| andlocked developing countries | 42.3 (41.4-43.2) | 43.8 (42.9-44.7) |

(b) Estimated prevalence of severe food insecurity in the adult population^{*a,b*}

| | 2014 | 2015 |
|---------------------------------|------------------|------------------|
| World | 7.7 (7.0-8.4) | 7.7 (7.0-8.4) |
| Northern Africa | 7.7 (6.7-8.7) | 6.4 (5.5-7.3) |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 25.3 (24.3-26.3) | 26.1 (25.3-26.9) |
| Latin America | 7.0 (6.7-7.3) | 4.9 (4.6-5.2) |
| Eastern Asia | - | 0.9 (0.6-1.2) |
| Eastern Asia excluding China | 1.0 (0.6-1.4) | 0.8 (0.5-1.1) |
| Southern Asia | 13.3 (10.6-16.0) | 11.6 (10.0-13.2) |
| Southern Asia excluding India | 12.1 (10.8-13.4) | 13.1 (11.7-14.5) |
| South-Eastern Asia | 4.6 (3.7-5.5) | 5.7 (4.5-6.9) |
| Western Asia | 9.5 (8.7-10.3) | 10.0 (9.2-10.8) |
| Caucasus and Central Asia | 1.8 (1.4-2.2) | 1.7 (1.4-2.0) |
| Developed regions | 1.5 (1.3-1.7) | 1.5 (1.4-1.6) |
| Least developed countries | 19.7 (18.9-20.5) | 20.8 (20.0-21.6) |
| Landlocked developing countries | 17.6 (17.0-18.2) | 18.1 (17.5-18.7) |

^a Computed using the Food Insecurity Experience Scale (FIES).

^b Estimated range with 95 per cent confidence interval in parentheses.

Target 2.2

By 2030, end all forms of malnutrition, including achieving, by 2025, the internationally agreed targets on stunting and wasting in children under 5 years of age, and address the nutritional needs of adolescent girls, pregnant and lactating women and older persons

Indicator 2.2.1

Prevalence of stunting (height for age <-2 standard deviation from the median of the World Health Organization (WHO) Child Growth Standards) among children under 5 years of age

| | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2014 |
|---------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|-----------------|
| World | 32.7 (31.0- | 29.4 (27.7- | 26.2 (24.4- | 23.8 (21.9- |
| | 34.3) | 31.1) | 28.0) | 25.7) |
| Developing regions | 36.0 (34.2- | 32.3 (30.5- | 28.8 (26.8- | 26.0 (24.0- |
| | 37.8) | 34.2) | 30.7) | 28.1) |
| Northern Africa | 24.1 (19.7- | 21.7 (17.6- | 19.6 (15.6- | 17.9 (14.1- |
| | 29.1) | 26.5) | 24.2) | 22.5) |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 43.2 (39.9- | 40.5 (37.7- | 37.8 (35.4- | 35.7 (33.5- |
| | 46.6) | 43.4) | 40.3) | 38.0) |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 16.7 (12.4- 22.1) | 14.2 (10.2- 19.6) | 12.1 (8.2-17.3) | 10.6 (6.9-15.8) |
| Eastern Asia | 19.1 (17.8- 20.4) | 13.2 (12.3- 14.2) | 9.0 (8.3-9.7) | 6.5 (6.0-7.1) |
| Southern Asia | 49.5 (45.3- | 44.3 (39.8- | 39.3 (34.3- | 35.4 (30.0- |
| | 53.8) | 49.0) | 44.5) | 41.1) |
| South-Eastern Asia | 38.3 (32.5- | 34.2 (28.6- | 30.2 (24.3- | 27.3 (20.7- |
| | 44.5) | 40.1) | 36.9) | 34.9) |
| Western Asia | 23.6 (15.9- 33.5) | 20.9 (12.9- 32.0) | 18.5 (10.4- 30.6) | 16.7 (8.7-29.6) |
| Oceania | 37.6 (23.2- | 38.1 (23.9- | 38.6 (24.6- | 38.9 (25.2- |
| | 54.6) | 54.6) | 54.7) | 54.7) |
| Caucasus and Central Asia | 26.9 (21.2- | 22.2 (18.2- | 18.1 (14.8- | 15.3 (12.1- |
| | 33.5) | 26.9) | 22.0) | 19.2) |
| Developed regions | 4.8 (2.1-10.7) | 4.6 (2.1-9.7) | 4.4 (2.1-8.9) | 4.2 (2.1-8.4) |

Proportion of children under the age of 5 years with HAZ $<-2^{a,b}$ (Percentage)

^{*a*} HAZ<-2 refers to chronic malnutrition among children aged 0 to 59 months whose height for age is below minus two standard deviations from the median of the WHO Child Growth Standards.

^b Estimated range with 95 per cent confidence interval in parentheses.

Indicator 2.2.2

Prevalence of malnutrition (weight for height >+2 or <-2 standard deviation from the median of the WHO Child Growth Standards) among children under 5 years of age, by type (wasting and overweight)

(a) **Proportion of children under the age of 5 years with WHZ** $<-2^{a,c}$ (Percentage)

| | 2014 |
|---------------------------------|------------------|
| World | 7.5 (6.6-8.4) |
| Developing regions | 8.2 (7.2-9.1) |
| Northern Africa | 7.3 (4.6-11.2) |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 8.3 (6.7-10.2) |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 1.3 (0.9-1.9) |
| Eastern Asia | 2.1 (2.0-2.2) |
| Southern Asia | 14.2 (11.8-17.2) |
| South-Eastern Asia | 9.2 (6.8-12.5) |
| Western Asia | 4.0 (1.3-11.8) |
| Oceania | 9.0 (7.5-10.7) |
| Caucasus and Central Asia | 3.9 (3.3-4.5) |
| Developed regions | 1.4 (0.6-3.6) |

(b) Proportion of children under the age of 5 years with WHZ >+ $2^{b,c}$

| (Percentage) | | | | |
|---------------------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|----------------------|
| | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2014 |
| World | 5.1 (4.5-5.6) | 5.3 (4.8-5.8) | 5.7 (5.1-6.4) | 6.1 (5.2-7.0) |
| Developing regions | 4.6 (4.2-5.1) | 4.9 (4.5-5.3) | 5.3 (4.7-5.8) | 5.7 (4.8-6.6) |
| Northern Africa | 12.2 (10.7-13.9) | 13.5 (12.0-15.0) | 14.9 (13.5-16.3) | 16.0 (14.8- 17.4) |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 4.4 (3.7-5.3) | 4.4 (3.8-5.2) | 4.5 (3.8-5.2) | 4.5 (3.8-5.2) |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 7.0 (6.1-8.0) | 7.2 (6.3-8.1) | 7.3 (6.6-8.2) | 7.5 (6.8-8.3) |
| Eastern Asia | 6.2 (5.5-7.0) | 5.9 (5.2-6.8) | 5.6 (4.8-6.6) | 5.4 (4.6-6.4) |
| Southern Asia | 2.8 (1.9-4.0) | 3.2 (2.8-3.6) | 3.7 (2.8-4.7) | 4.1 (2.5-6.6) |
| South-Eastern Asia | 3.2 (2.6-3.9) | 4.3 (3.1-6.0) | 5.8 (3.7-9.2) | 7.4 (4.2-12.7) |
| Western Asia | 6.5 (4.6-9.1) | 6.9 (4.4-10.6) | 7.2 (3.7-13.6) | 7.5 (3.1-17.0) |
| Oceania | 5.1 (4.4-6.0) | 6.2 (5.3-7.3) | 7.6 (6.4-8.9) | 8.8 (7.4-10.5) |
| Caucasus and Central Asia | 9.1 (5.8-13.8) | 10.2 (7.5-13.6) | 11.4 (7.9-16.2) | 12.4 (7.4-20.2) |
| Developed regions | 8.7 (5.7-13.1) | 9.1 (6.0-13.7) | 9.6 (6.3-14.5) | 10.0 (6.5-15.1) |

^a WHZ<-2 refers to children aged 0 to 59 months whose weight for height is below minus two

standard deviations from the median of the WHO Child Growth Standards.

^b WHZ >+2 refers to children aged 0 to 59 months whose weight for height is above plus two standard deviations from the median of the WHO Child Growth Standards.

^c Estimated range with 95 per cent confidence interval in parentheses.

Indicator 2.5.2

(a) Proportion of local breeds classified as being at risk, not-at-risk or at unknown level of risk of extinction

(Percentage)

| | not-at-risk ^a | at-risk ^a | unknown ^b |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| World | 15.6 | 19.7 | 64.7 |
| Developing regions | 11.6 | 2.1 | 86.3 |
| Northern Africa | 0.0 | 0.0 | 100.0 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 9.3 | 1.9 | 88.8 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 3.0 | 1.5 | 95.5 |
| Eastern Asia | 24.5 | 4.2 | 71.3 |
| Southern Asia | 13.2 | 0.4 | 86.5 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 17.9 | 2.6 | 79.5 |
| Western Asia | 9.4 | 5.4 | 85.2 |
| Oceania | 0.0 | 0.0 | 100.0 |
| Caucasus and Central Asia | 0.0 | 0.0 | 100.0 |
| Developed regions | 19.7 | 37.4 | 42.9 |
| Least developed countries | 10.1 | 1.4 | 88.5 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 6.0 | 0.6 | 93.4 |
| Small island developing States | 0.0 | 0.9 | 99.1 |

^a Data for "at-risk" and "not-at-risk" status are less than ten years old.
^b 'Unknown' status means that no updates have been received on the population sizes at least in the past 10 years.

Target 2.a

Increase investment, including through enhanced international cooperation, in rural infrastructure, agricultural research and extension services, technology development and plant and livestock gene banks in order to enhance agricultural productive capacity in developing countries, in particular least developed countries

| The agriculture orientation index for government expenditures | | | | | |
|---|------|------|------|------|--|
| | 2001 | 2005 | 2010 | 2013 | |
| World | 0.37 | 0.35 | 0.25 | 0.25 | |
| Developing regions | 0.37 | 0.35 | 0.35 | 0.33 | |
| Northern Africa | 1.05 | 0.26 | 0.14 | 0.14 | |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 0.25 | 0.25 | 0.18 | 0.14 | |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 0.26 | 0.21 | 0.34 | 0.22 | |

Indicator 2.a.1 The agriculture orientation index for government expenditures^a

| | 2001 | 2005 | 2010 | 2013 |
|---------------------------------|------|------|------|------|
| Eastern Asia | 1.53 | 1.58 | 0.39 | 0.37 |
| Eastern Asia excluding China | 1.53 | 1.58 | 1.95 | 1.91 |
| Southern Asia | 0.20 | 0.27 | 0.38 | 0.33 |
| Southern Asia excluding India | 0.09 | 0.26 | 0.18 | 0.25 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 0.52 | 0.33 | 0.24 | 0.29 |
| Western Asia | 0.34 | 1.09 | 0.47 | 0.66 |
| Oceania | _ | 0.24 | 0.19 | 0.16 |
| Caucasus and Central Asia | 0.13 | 0.48 | 0.73 | 0.57 |
| Developed regions | 0.49 | 0.53 | 0.42 | 0.41 |
| Least developed countries | 0.18 | 0.24 | 0.15 | 0.26 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 0.19 | 0.33 | 0.40 | 0.43 |
| Small island developing States | 0.59 | 0.74 | 1.00 | 0.55 |

^a The Agriculture Orientation Index (AOI) for Government Expenditures is defined as the Agriculture share of Government Expenditures, divided by the Agriculture Share of GDP, where Agriculture refers to the agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting sector.

Indicator 2.a.2 Total official flows (official development assistance plus other official flows) to the agriculture sector

Annual total official flows disbursements for agriculture

(Billions of constant 2014 United States dollars)

| | 2000^{a} | 2005 | 2010 | 2014 |
|---------------------------------|------------|------|-------|-------|
| All developing countries | 9.37 | 5.73 | 11.98 | 12.10 |
| Least developed countries | 3.40 | 1.79 | 3.66 | 3.89 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 2.94 | 1.33 | 2.76 | 2.65 |
| Small island developing States | 0.65 | 0.14 | 0.42 | 0.29 |

Target 2.b

Correct and prevent trade restrictions and distortions in world agricultural markets, including through the parallel elimination of all forms of agricultural export subsidies and all export measures with equivalent effect, in accordance with the mandate of the Doha Development Round

Indicator 2.b.1 Producer Support Estimate

(Billions of current United States dollars)

| | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2014 |
|--------------------------|------|------|------|------|
| World ^a | 258 | 318 | 440 | 584 |
| Of which: OECD countries | 244 | 266 | 247 | 239 |

^a Producer Support Estimates cover OECD and emerging economies that together account for about 88 per cent of global value added in agriculture.

Indicator 2.b.2 Agricultural export subsidies^a

(Billions of current United States dollars)

| | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2014 |
|------------------------|------|------|------|-------|
| All WTO Members | 2.97 | 2.72 | 0.46 | 0.11 |
| Developing WTO Members | 0.10 | 0.08 | 0.02 | 0.002 |
| Developed WTO Members | 2.89 | 2.64 | 0.43 | 0.10 |

^a Source: Notifications by WTO Members under the Agreement on Agriculture. The notification record varies from year to year and therefore the set of countries represented in the data may differ among the years reported, particularly in more recent periods.

Goal 3 Ensure healthy lives and promote well-being for all at all ages

Target 3.1

By 2030, reduce the global maternal mortality ratio to less than 70 per 100,000 live births

Indicator 3.1.1

Maternal mortality ratio (Deaths per 100,000 live births)

| (| | | | |
|--------------------|------|------|------|------|
| | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 |
| World | 341 | 288 | 246 | 216 |
| Developing regions | 377 | 319 | 273 | 239 |
| Northern Africa | 113 | 95 | 82 | 70 |

| | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 |
|---------------------------------|------|------|------|------|
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 846 | 717 | 624 | 546 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 99 | 88 | 81 | 67 |
| Eastern Asia | 59 | 48 | 36 | 27 |
| Eastern Asia excluding China | 68 | 57 | 52 | 43 |
| Southern Asia | 377 | 288 | 221 | 176 |
| Southern Asia excluding India | 384 | 306 | 235 | 180 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 201 | 166 | 136 | 110 |
| Western Asia | 122 | 110 | 96 | 91 |
| Oceania | 292 | 239 | 206 | 187 |
| Caucasus and Central Asia | 50 | 46 | 37 | 33 |
| veloped regions | 17 | 15 | 13 | 12 |

Indicator 3.1.2

Proportion of births attended by skilled health personnel^{*a*} (Percentage)

| | 2000 | 2015 |
|---------------------------------|------|------|
| World | 62.0 | 75.4 |
| Developing regions | 58.3 | 73.1 |
| Northern Africa | 70.0 | 89.2 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 42.8 | 51.4 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 87.8 | 93.7 |
| Eastern Asia | 96.7 | 99.9 |
| Southern Asia | 38.2 | 63.2 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 62.2 | 83.7 |
| Western Asia | 72.4 | 84.3 |
| Oceania | 47.7 | 50.2 |
| Caucasus and Central Asia | 88.1 | 96.7 |
| Developed regions | 99.4 | 98.7 |
| Least developed countries | 31.3 | 53.6 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 41.9 | 65.3 |
| Small island developing States | 68.2 | 74.2 |

^a Estimates include data from 127 countries with data for the 2000 (1998-2007) and 2015 (2010-2015) periods, covering 75 per cent of global births in 2015.

Target 3.2

By 2030, end preventable deaths of newborns and children under 5 years of age, with all countries aiming to reduce neonatal mortality to at least as low as 12 per 1,000 live births and under-5 mortality to at least as low as 25 per 1,000 live births

Indicator 3.2.1

Under-five mortality rate (Deaths per 1,000 live births)

| | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 |
|---------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|------|
| World | 75.9 | 62.6 | 51.7 | 42.5 |
| Developing regions | 83.4 | 68.9 | 56.9 | 46.5 |
| Northern Africa | 44.3 | 35.0 | 28.3 | 24.1 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 154.3 | 127.0 | 101.2 | 83.1 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 32.0 | 24.6 | 24.0 | 17.9 |
| Eastern Asia | 36.5 | 23.7 | 15.7 | 10.9 |
| Southern Asia | 91.6 | 75.7 | 62.4 | 51.2 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 48.6 | 39.6 | 32.7 | 27.2 |
| Western Asia | 42.7 | 34.6 | 27.4 | 22.3 |
| Oceania | 66.9 | 63.5 | 57.4 | 50.5 |
| Caucasus and Central Asia | 63.2 | 49.1 | 38.9 | 31.7 |
| Developed regions | 9.8 | 8.1 | 6.8 | 5.8 |
| Least developed countries | 137.1 | 110.8 | 89.8 | 72.5 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 139.7 | 110.7 | 84.7 | 67.9 |
| Small island developing States | 61.8 | 54.9 | 80.4 | 43.3 |

Indicator 3.2.2

Neonatal mortality rate (Deaths per 1 000 live births)

| (Deaths per 1,000 live births) | | | | |
|---------------------------------|------|------|------|------|
| | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 |
| World | 30.5 | 25.7 | 22.3 | 19.2 |
| Developing regions | 33.4 | 28.2 | 24.4 | 20.9 |
| Northern Africa | 22.6 | 19.5 | 16.2 | 13.7 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 40.8 | 36.2 | 31.9 | 28.6 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 14.7 | 11.8 | 10.8 | 9.3 |
| Eastern Asia | 20.8 | 13.8 | 8.2 | 5.6 |
| Southern Asia | 45.3 | 38.7 | 33.8 | 29.2 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 21 | 18.2 | 16 | 13.4 |
| Western Asia | 20.6 | 17.7 | 14.6 | 12.2 |
| Oceania | 26.6 | 25.6 | 23.9 | 21.8 |
| Caucasus and Central Asia | 27.1 | 22.9 | 19.1 | 16.1 |
| Developed regions | 5.4 | 4.5 | 3.8 | 3.2 |

| | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 |
|---------------------------------|------|------|------|------|
| Least developed countries | 41.3 | 35.8 | 31 | 27.2 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 40.3 | 34.7 | 29.5 | 25.7 |
| Small island developing States | 23.6 | 22.6 | 21.8 | 19.4 |

Target 3.3

By 2030, end the epidemics of AIDS, tuberculosis, malaria and neglected tropical diseases and combat hepatitis, water-borne diseases and other communicable diseases

Indicator 3.3.1

Number of new HIV infections per 1,000 uninfected population, by sex, age and key populations

(a) Estimated HIV incidence rate, total

(New cases per 1,000 uninfected population)

| | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 |
|---------------------------------|------|------|------|------|
| World | 0.55 | 0.40 | 0.33 | 0.30 |
| Developing regions | 0.65 | 0.47 | 0.37 | 0.31 |
| Northern Africa | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.02 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 3.87 | 2.57 | 1.94 | 1.48 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 0.26 | 0.21 | 0.18 | 0.17 |
| Eastern Asia | 0.05 | 0.05 | 0.04 | 0.04 |
| Eastern Asia excluding China | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.02 |
| Southern Asia | 0.19 | 0.11 | 0.08 | 0.06 |
| Southern Asia excluding India | 0.04 | 0.04 | 0.05 | 0.06 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 0.26 | 0.27 | 0.22 | 0.19 |
| Western Asia | 0.01 | 0.02 | 0.03 | 0.04 |
| Oceania | 0.76 | 0.43 | 0.32 | 0.33 |
| Caucasus and Central Asia | 0.17 | 0.16 | 0.10 | 0.12 |
| Developed regions | 0.14 | 0.15 | 0.17 | 0.22 |
| Least developed countries | 1.52 | 1.13 | 0.86 | 0.57 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 2.13 | 1.51 | 1.22 | 0.84 |
| Small island developing States | 1.14 | 0.59 | 0.34 | 0.30 |

(b) Estimated HIV incidence rate, by sex

(New cases per 1,000 uninfected population)

| | 200 | 00 | 20 | 05 | 20 | 10 | 20 | 15 |
|--------------------|------|-------|------|-------|------|-------|------|-------|
| | Men | Women | Men | Women | Men | Women | Men | Women |
| World | 0.54 | 0.55 | 0.41 | 0.40 | 0.34 | 0.33 | 0.31 | 0.28 |
| Developing regions | 0.62 | 0.68 | 0.46 | 0.48 | 0.36 | 0.38 | 0.31 | 0.32 |

| | 200 | 00 | 20 | 05 | 20. | 10 | 20 | 15 |
|---------------------------------|------|-------|------|-------|------|-------|------|-------|
| | Men | Women | Men | Women | Men | Women | Men | Women |
| Northern Africa | 0.03 | 0.02 | 0.03 | 0.02 | 0.03 | 0.02 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 3.45 | 4.29 | 2.31 | 2.83 | 1.74 | 2.15 | 1.32 | 1.65 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 0.32 | 0.20 | 0.27 | 0.15 | 0.25 | 0.11 | 0.24 | 0.10 |
| Eastern Asia | 0.07 | 0.03 | 0.07 | 0.03 | 0.06 | 0.02 | 0.06 | 0.02 |
| Eastern Asia excluding China | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.03 | 0.01 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| Southern Asia | 0.23 | 0.15 | 0.14 | 0.09 | 0.09 | 0.06 | 0.08 | 0.05 |
| Southern Asia excluding India | 0.05 | 0.02 | 0.05 | 0.03 | 0.07 | 0.03 | 0.08 | 0.03 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 0.36 | 0.16 | 0.36 | 0.17 | 0.30 | 0.15 | 0.26 | 0.13 |
| Western Asia | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.03 | 0.01 | 0.04 | 0.02 | 0.05 | 0.03 |
| Oceania | 0.68 | 0.86 | 0.39 | 0.48 | 0.29 | 0.35 | 0.30 | 0.37 |
| Caucasus and Central Asia | 0.26 | 0.08 | 0.25 | 0.08 | 0.14 | 0.06 | 0.17 | 0.07 |
| Developed regions | 0.22 | 0.08 | 0.22 | 0.08 | 0.25 | 0.09 | 0.32 | 0.12 |
| Least developed countries | 1.39 | 1.66 | 1.02 | 1.23 | 0.78 | 0.94 | 0.51 | 0.64 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 1.95 | 2.31 | 1.39 | 1.62 | 1.11 | 1.33 | 0.75 | 0.93 |
| Small island developing States | 1.14 | 1.15 | 0.59 | 0.59 | 0.37 | 0.32 | 0.34 | 0.25 |

(c) Estimated HIV incidence rate, by age (New cases per 1,000 uninfected population)

| | 20 | 00 | 20 | 05 | 20 | 10 | 20 | 15 |
|---------------------------------|--------|----------|--------|----------|--------|----------|--------|----------|
| | Adults | Children | Adults | Children | Adults | Children | Adults | Children |
| | (15+) | (0-14) | (15+) | (0-14) | (15+) | (0-14) | (15+) | (0-14) |
| World | 0.66 | 0.28 | 0.46 | 0.26 | 0.40 | 0.17 | 0.37 | 0.08 |
| Developing regions | 0.82 | 0.31 | 0.55 | 0.29 | 0.45 | 0.19 | 0.40 | 0.09 |
| Northern Africa | 0.03 | < 0.01 | 0.03 | < 0.01 | 0.03 | < 0.01 | 0.03 | < 0.01 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 5.77 | 1.58 | 3.63 | 1.27 | 2.90 | 0.73 | 2.39 | 0.30 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 0.36 | 0.07 | 0.28 | 0.05 | 0.24 | 0.03 | 0.22 | 0.01 |
| Eastern Asia | 0.06 | < 0.01 | 0.06 | < 0.01 | < 0.01 | < 0.01 | 0.05 | < 0.01 |
| Eastern Asia excluding China | 0.02 | < 0.01 | 0.02 | < 0.01 | 0.02 | < 0.01 | 0.03 | < 0.01 |
| Southern Asia | 0.27 | 0.05 | 0.15 | 0.05 | 0.10 | 0.04 | 0.08 | 0.02 |
| Southern Asia excluding India | 0.06 | < 0.01 | 0.06 | 0.01 | 0.07 | 0.01 | 0.08 | 0.01 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 0.37 | 0.04 | 0.36 | 0.04 | 0.30 | 0.04 | 0.25 | 0.04 |
| Western Asia | 0.02 | < 0.01 | 0.03 | < 0.01 | 0.04 | < 0.01 | 0.05 | < 0.01 |
| Oceania | 1.10 | 0.25 | 0.55 | 0.25 | 0.40 | 0.20 | 0.44 | 0.14 |
| Caucasus and Central Asia | 0.25 | 0.01 | 0.22 | 0.02 | 0.13 | 0.01 | 0.16 | 0.01 |
| Developed regions | 0.18 | < 0.01 | 0.18 | 0.01 | 0.20 | < 0.01 | 0.26 | 0.01 |
| Least developed countries | 2.09 | 0.79 | 1.48 | 0.65 | 1.14 | 0.47 | 0.85 | 0.15 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 2.83 | 1.23 | 1.95 | 0.90 | 1.66 | 0.60 | 1.29 | 0.18 |
| Small island developing States | 1.48 | 0.44 | 0.69 | 0.37 | 0.38 | 0.25 | 0.37 | 0.10 |

| Indicator 3.3.2 |
|---|
| Tuberculosis incidence per 100,000 population |
| (New cases per 100.000 population) |

| | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2014 |
|---------------------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| World | 162 (155:169) | 158 (151:164) | 144 (137:151) | 133 (126:141) |
| Developing regions | 192 (184:200) | 186 (178:193) | 170 (162:178) | 157 (148:165) |
| Northern Africa | 57 (54:60) | 52 (50:55) | 50 (47:53) | 48 (44:51) |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 351 (325:377) | 357 (334:380) | 321 (293:350) | 281 (251:312) |
| Latin America and the | | | | |
| Caribbean | 60 (57:62) | 50 (48:52) | 45 (43:47) | 42 (41:44) |
| Eastern Asia | 113 (105:120) | 97 (93:102) | 84 (79:89) | 75 (70:80) |
| Southern Asia | 211 (202:220) | 206 (198:213) | 189 (179:199) | 176 (165:187) |
| South-Eastern Asia | 352 (290:415) | 335 (275:396) | 311 (253:368) | 296 (241:352) |
| Western Asia | 42 (40:45) | 34 (32:36) | 28 (26:29) | 23 (22:25) |
| Oceania | 309 (261:357) | 317 (276:357) | 311 (248:375) | 316 (232:400) |
| Caucasus and Central Asia | 218 (200:236) | 179 (159:198) | 118 (103:133) | 89 (78:100) |
| Developed regions | 39 (37:40) | 35 (34:37) | 28 (26:29) | 23 (22:24) |
| Least developed countries | 303 (284:322) | 281 (265:297) | 254 (239:270) | 232 (217:246) |
| Landlocked developing countries | 309 (288:330) | 262 (246:277) | 207 (193:221) | 165 (154:177) |
| Small island developing States | 123 (115:132) | 130 (123:138) | 124 (113:135) | 122 (108:137) |

^{*a*} Lower and upper bounds in parentheses.

Indicator 3.3.3

Malaria incidence per 1,000 population

(New cases per 100,000 population)

| | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2013 |
|---------------------------------|------|------|------|------|
| World | 146 | 134 | 113 | 99 |
| Developing regions | 146 | 134 | 113 | 99 |
| Northern Africa | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 408 | 362 | 299 | 256 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 40 | 26 | 16 | 10 |
| Eastern Asia | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Southern Asia | 45 | 41 | 29 | 22 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 40 | 37 | 29 | 25 |
| Western Asia | 43 | 30 | 21 | 18 |
| Oceania | 280 | 245 | 179 | 173 |
| Caucasus and Central Asia | 18.0 | 2.4 | 0.1 | 0.0 |
| Developed regions | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Least developed countries | 341 | 285 | 236 | 189 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 374 | 295 | 267 | 201 |
| Small island developing States | 147 | 117 | 86 | 79 |

Indicator 3.3.5 Number of people requiring interventions against neglected tropical diseases

2014

World

1 728 493 416

| | 2014 |
|---------------------------------|---------------|
| Developing regions | 1 710 329 751 |
| Northern Africa | 1 757 466 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 643 556 879 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 63 844 482 |
| Eastern Asia | 231 666 452 |
| Southern Asia | 17 550 436 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 8 301 598 |
| Western Asia | 2 344 315 |
| Oceania | 31 735 |
| Caucasus and Central Asia | 593 880 681 |
| Developed regions | 249 187 305 |
| Least developed countries | 26 027 215 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 1 728 493 416 |
| Small island developing States | 1 710 329 751 |

Target 3.4

By 2030, reduce by one third premature mortality from noncommunicable diseases through prevention and treatment and promote mental health and well-being

Indicator 3.4.2 Suicide mortality rate

(a) Suicide mortality rate, total

(Deaths per 100,000 population)

| · · · · · · | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2012 |
|---------------------------------|------|------|------|------|
| World | 14.4 | 13.0 | 11.8 | 11.4 |
| Developing regions | 13.5 | 12.1 | 11.0 | 10.5 |
| Northern Africa | 2.2 | 2.2 | 2.3 | 2.3 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 7.3 | 7.5 | 7.5 | 7.4 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.3 | 6.2 |
| Eastern Asia | 18.7 | 14.8 | 11.5 | 10.4 |
| Southern Asia | 18.5 | 18.2 | 17.6 | 17.3 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 6.3 | 5.9 | 5.8 | 5.7 |
| Western Asia | 5.8 | 4.9 | 4.0 | 3.7 |
| Oceania | 8.4 | 7.4 | 7.2 | 7.3 |
| Caucasus and Central Asia | 13.2 | 10.9 | 10.3 | 10.4 |
| Developed regions | 18.4 | 16.6 | 15.3 | 15.1 |
| Least developed countries | 8.5 | 8.5 | 8.6 | 8.5 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 10.9 | 9.9 | 9.3 | 9.1 |

(b)

| | | 2000 | | 2005 | | 2010 | | 2012 |
|--|------|-------|------|-------|------|-------|------|-------|
| Small island developing States | | 9.1 | | 8.0 | | 7.8 | | 7.6 |
| Suicide mortality rate, by sex (Deaths per 100,000 population) | | | | | | | | |
| | 200 | 00 | 200 | 05 | 20. | 10 | 20 | 12 |
| | Men | Women | Men | Women | Men | Women | Men | Women |
| World | 17.4 | 11.4 | 15.8 | 10.1 | 14.8 | 8.7 | 14.5 | 8.2 |
| Developing regions | 14.5 | 12.4 | 13.4 | 10.8 | 12.8 | 9.1 | 12.5 | 8.5 |
| Northern Africa | 2.8 | 1.7 | 3.0 | 1.5 | 3.2 | 1.3 | 3.4 | 1.2 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 10.5 | 4.0 | 10.8 | 4.1 | 10.8 | 4.1 | 10.7 | 4.1 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 9.7 | 2.8 | 9.7 | 2.8 | 9.9 | 2.8 | 9.7 | 2.8 |
| Eastern Asia | 16.3 | 21.3 | 12.9 | 17.0 | 10.4 | 12.7 | 9.7 | 11.1 |
| Southern Asia | 20.0 | 16.9 | 20.1 | 16.1 | 20.4 | 14.6 | 20.3 | 14.2 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 7.8 | 4.8 | 7.4 | 4.4 | 7.4 | 4.2 | 7.3 | 4.1 |
| Western Asia | 7.6 | 4.0 | 6.5 | 3.3 | 5.4 | 2.5 | 4.9 | 2.3 |
| Oceania | 10.7 | 6.0 | 9.5 | 5.3 | 9.3 | 5.1 | 9.4 | 5.1 |
| Caucasus and Central Asia | 21.4 | 5.3 | 17.6 | 4.4 | 16.3 | 4.4 | 16.3 | 4.5 |
| Developed regions | 29.9 | 7.6 | 26.7 | 7.0 | 24.5 | 6.6 | 24.2 | 6.: |
| Least developed countries | 10.8 | 6.3 | 10.8 | 6.2 | 11.0 | 6.2 | 10.9 | 6.1 |

Target 3.5

Landlocked developing countries

Small island developing States

Strengthen the prevention and treatment of substance abuse, including narcotic drug abuse and harmful use of alcohol

15.5

12.9

6.3 14.0

11.6

4.4

5.3

5.9 13.2 5.5 12.9

4.1

11.2

11.5

5.4

4.0

Indicator 3.5.2

Harmful use of alcohol, defined according to the national context as alcohol per capita consumption (aged 15 years and older) within a calendar year in litres of pure alcohol

| | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 |
|---------------------------------|------|------|------|
| World | 6.0 | 6.2 | 6.3 |
| Developing regions | 4.5 | 5.0 | 5.4 |
| Northern Africa | 0.8 | 0.7 | 0.5 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 6.2 | 6.1 | 6.3 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 8.4 | 7.7 | 7.5 |
| Eastern Asia | 5.1 | 6.8 | 7.7 |
| Southern Asia | 2.8 | 3.3 | 3.5 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 2.9 | 3.3 | 3.8 |
| Western Asia | 1.8 | 1.3 | 1.5 |

(Litres of pure alcohol consumed per capita)

| | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 |
|---------------------------------|------|------|------|
| | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 |
| Oceania | 3.2 | 2.9 | 3.0 |
| Caucasus and Central Asia | 5.8 | 5.6 | 5.0 |
| Developed regions | 11.6 | 10.8 | 10.4 |
| Least developed countries | 2.7 | 3.0 | 3.1 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 5.0 | 5.0 | 5.0 |
| Small island developing States | 5.0 | 5.0 | 5.2 |

Target 3.6 By 2020, halve the number of global deaths and injuries from road traffic accidents

Indicator 3.6.1

Death rate due to road traffic injuries

(Deaths per 100,000 population)

| | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2013 |
|---------------------------------|------|------|------|------|
| World | 18.1 | 18.8 | 18.0 | 17.4 |
| Developing regions | 19.0 | 20.0 | 19.8 | 19.3 |
| Northern Africa | 18.6 | 18.7 | 20.8 | 19.8 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 28.2 | 27.8 | 27.0 | 26.6 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 16.5 | 17.2 | 18.7 | 19.2 |
| Eastern Asia | 18.2 | 20.8 | 19.8 | 18.5 |
| Southern Asia | 16.8 | 17.3 | 17.1 | 16.7 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 19.5 | 19.5 | 19.3 | 19.0 |
| Western Asia | 17.1 | 17.3 | 16.4 | 16.9 |
| Oceania | 16.3 | 16.3 | 16.4 | 15.5 |
| Caucasus and Central Asia | 12.5 | 18.4 | 17.0 | 15.9 |
| Developed regions | 14.0 | 13.5 | 9.6 | 8.6 |
| Least developed countries | 23.4 | 23.7 | 23.8 | 23.9 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 21.4 | 23.0 | 22.9 | 23.3 |
| Small island developing States | 17.6 | 16.5 | 15.4 | 15.2 |

Target 3.7

By 2030, ensure universal access to sexual and reproductive health-care services, including for family planning, information and education, and the integration of reproductive health into national strategies and programmes

Indicator 3.7.1

Proportion of women of reproductive age (aged 15-49 years) who have their need for family planning satisfied with modern methods

Proportion of women *married or in a union* of reproductive age (aged 15-49 years) who have their need for family planning satisfied with modern methods^{*a*} (Percentage)

| | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 |
|---------------------------------|------|------|------|------|
| World | 74.5 | 75.5 | 76.2 | 76.7 |
| Developing regions | 74.7 | 75.5 | 76.1 | 76.5 |
| Northern Africa | 72.9 | 75.3 | 76.3 | 77.2 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 30.5 | 34.9 | 40.4 | 46.9 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 76.1 | 79.3 | 80.8 | 81.5 |
| Eastern Asia | 95.1 | 94.9 | 94.5 | 94.0 |
| Southern Asia | 62.8 | 65.4 | 67.4 | 69.8 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 69.9 | 72.9 | 74.6 | 75.1 |
| Western Asia | 47.4 | 51.7 | 54.3 | 57.0 |
| Oceania | 42.4 | 44.6 | 47.0 | 49.3 |
| Caucasus and Central Asia | 64.0 | 65.8 | 67.3 | 69.1 |
| Developed regions | 73.6 | 75.6 | 76.7 | 77.6 |
| Least developed countries | 39.3 | 44.7 | 50.4 | 55.5 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 42.2 | 47.1 | 52.9 | 58.3 |
| Small island developing States | 66.4 | 66.4 | 68.2 | 68.5 |

^a The global indicator is intended to represent all women of reproductive age. Given current data limitations, the model-based estimates represent women who are married or in a union.

Indicator 3.7.2

Adolescent birth rate (aged 10-14 years; aged 15-19 years) per 1,000 women in that age group

| | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 |
|---------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| World | 56.0 | 50.5 | 47.2 | 44.1 |
| Developing regions | 61.1 | 54.8 | 51.1 | 48.1 |
| Northern Africa | 36.0 | 33.8 | 35.0 | 35.6 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 129.2 | 122.1 | 112.9 | 101.8 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 81.1 | 74.5 | 68.4 | 64.1 |
| Eastern Asia | 8.6 | 7.7 | 7.4 | 7.0 |

| Adolescent birth rate | per 1.000 adolescent | women aged 15-19 |
|-----------------------|----------------------|------------------|
|-----------------------|----------------------|------------------|

| | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 |
|---------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|------|
| Southern Asia | 71.4 | 56.7 | 44.4 | 33.6 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 42.3 | 42.9 | 43.8 | 44.9 |
| Western Asia | 55.0 | 48.7 | 45.0 | 41.3 |
| Oceania | 60.6 | 57.2 | 53.6 | 49.9 |
| Caucasus and Central Asia | 36.0 | 28.4 | 29.3 | 28.7 |
| Developed regions | 26.3 | 24.0 | 21.3 | 15.6 |
| Least developed countries | 120.7 | 112.2 | 102.2 | 91.4 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 110.5 | 100.0 | 90.6 | 80.2 |
| Small island developing States | 69.0 | 63.1 | 58.4 | 53.2 |

Note: Estimate or short-term projection refers to the average of two, contiguous five-year periods (e.g., 2010-2015 and 2015-2020 for year 2015).

Target 3.9

By 2030, substantially reduce the number of deaths and illnesses from hazardous chemicals and air, water and soil pollution and contamination

Indicator 3.9.1

| Mortality rate attributed to | household and | ambient air pollution |
|---------------------------------|---------------|-----------------------|
| (Deaths per 100,000 population) | | |

| | 2012 |
|---------------------------------|-------|
| World | 92.0 |
| Northern Africa | 42.0 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 79.1 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 27.6 |
| Eastern Asia | 159.5 |
| Southern Asia | 115.3 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 81.9 |
| Western Asia | 38.7 |
| Oceania | 47.3 |
| Caucasus and Central Asia | 97.7 |
| Developed regions | 43.1 |
| Least developed countries | 83.0 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 82.7 |
| Small island developing States | 54.2 |

Note: Data only reported for WHO Member states.

Indicator 3.9.2 Mortality rate attributed to unsafe water, unsafe sanitation and lack of hygiene (exposure to unsafe Water, Sanitation and Hygiene for All (WASH) services)

Mortality rate attributed to unsafe water, unsafe sanitation and lack of hygiene (Deaths per 100,000 population)

| | 2012 |
|---------------------------------|------|
| World | 12.4 |
| Developing regions | 15.0 |
| Northern Africa | 2.0 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 45.1 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 2.0 |
| Eastern Asia | 0.4 |
| Southern Asia | 23.2 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 4.0 |
| Western Asia | 2.6 |
| Oceania | 10.9 |
| Caucasus and Central Asia | 2.6 |
| Developed regions | 0.4 |

Indicator 3.9.3

Mortality rate attributed to unintentional poisonings (Deaths per 100,000 population)

| | 2012 |
|---------------------------------|------|
| Northern Africa | 1.6 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 4.1 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 0.5 |
| Eastern Asia | 2.8 |
| Southern Asia | 3.7 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 0.8 |
| Western Asia | 1.1 |
| Oceania | 10.1 |
| Caucasus and Central Asia | 2.3 |
| Developed regions | 2.7 |

Target 3.b

Support the research and development of vaccines and medicines for the communicable and non-communicable diseases that primarily affect developing countries, provide access to affordable essential medicines and vaccines, in accordance with the Doha Declaration on the TRIPS Agreement and Public Health, which affirms the right of developing countries to use to the full the provisions in the Agreement on Trade-Related Aspects of Intellectual Property Rights regarding flexibilities to protect public health, and, in particular, provide access to medicines for all

Indicator 3.b.2 Total net official development assistance to medical research and basic health sectors

| | 2000^{a} | 2005 | 2010 | 2014 |
|---------------------------------|------------|------|------|------|
| All developing countries | 2.92 | 4.28 | 8.35 | 8.89 |
| Least developed countries | 0.88 | 1.39 | 2.94 | 4.44 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 0.46 | 0.74 | 1.47 | 2.15 |
| Small island developing States | 0.18 | 0.13 | 0.17 | 0.15 |

Annual total official flows for medical research and basic heath sectors (Billions of constant 2014 United States dollars)

^a 2000 is a proxy based on commitments instead of disbursements.

Goal 4

Ensure inclusive and equitable quality education and promote lifelong learning opportunities for all

Target 4.2

By 2030, ensure that all girls and boys have access to quality early childhood development, care and pre-primary education so that they are ready for primary education

Indicator 4.2.1 Proportion of children under 5 years of age who are developmentally on track in health, learning and psychosocial well-being, by sex

(a) Percentage of children aged 36-59 months who are developmentally on track in at least three of the following domains: literacy-numeracy, physical development, social-emotional development and learning^{a,b}

2009-2015^a

| | 2009-2015 ^a |
|---|------------------------|
| World (58 countries, 17 per cent population coverage) | 69.1 |
| Northern Africa (2 countries, 30 per cent population coverage) | 71.0 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa (18 countries, 43 per cent population coverage) | 60.3 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean (14 countries, 16 per cent population coverage) | 84.4 |
| South-Eastern Asia (4 countries, 24 per cent population coverage) | 86.0 |
| Eastern Asia (2 countries, 2 per cent population coverage) | 75.4 |
| Southern Asia (3 countries, 10 per cent population coverage) | 64.0 |
| Western Asia (5 countries, 38 per cent population coverage) | 71.3 |
| Caucasus and Central Asia (3 countries, 33 per cent population coverage) | 83.7 |
| Developed regions (7 countries, 6 per cent population coverage)) | 90.6 |
| Least developed countries (17 countries, 39 per cent population coverage) | 61.4 |
| Landlocked developing countries (14 countries, 26 per cent population coverage) | 60.2 |
| Small island developing States (10 countries, 40 per cent population coverage) | 83.9 |

^a Data are from surveys conducted between 2009 and 2015.

^b The number of countries used to calculate the reginal values and the population coverages are presented in parentheses.

Target 4.b

By 2020, substantially expand globally the number of scholarships available to developing countries, in particular least developed countries, small island developing States and African countries, for enrolment in higher education, including vocational training and information and communications technology, technical, engineering and scientific programmes, in developed countries and other developing countries

Indicator 4.b.1

Volume of official development assistance flows for scholarships by sector and type of study

Annual total assistance for scholarships

(Billions of constant 2014 United States dollars)

| | 2010 | 2014 |
|---------------------------------|------|------|
| All developing countries | 1.39 | 1.32 |
| Least developed countries | 0.22 | 0.20 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 0.14 | 0.14 |
| Small island developing States | 0.10 | 0.09 |

Goal 5 Achieve gender equality and empower all women and girls

Target 5.3

Eliminate all harmful practices, such as child, early and forced marriage and female genital mutilation

Indicator 5.3.1

Proportion of women aged 20-24 years who were married or in a union before age 15 and before age 18

(a) **Proportion of women aged 20-24 years who were married by age 15** (Percentage)

| | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 ^a |
|---------------------------------|------|------|------|-------------------|
| World | 10.9 | 10.5 | 9.4 | 7.5 |
| Developing regions | 12.4 | 12.0 | 10.6 | 8.3 |
| Northern Africa | 4.5 | 3.4 | 2.6 | 1.6 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 15.3 | 14.9 | 13.7 | 11.4 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 6.9 | 7.1 | 8.5 | 7.1 |
| Eastern Asia ^b | _ | _ | _ | - |
| Southern Asia | 28.1 | 25.7 | 22.7 | 16.0 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 4.6 | 4.2 | 3.3 | 2.4 |
| Western Asia | 6.1 | 5.6 | 4.5 | 3.4 |
| Oceania | 2.5 | 3.4 | 2.6 | 2.1 |
| Caucasus and Central Asia | 0.6 | 0.9 | 0.6 | 0.5 |
| Developed regions ^b | _ | _ | _ | - |
| Least developed countries | 19.9 | 18.5 | 16.5 | 12.6 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 14.5 | 14.8 | 12.5 | 10.4 |
| Small island developing States | 6.1 | 6.1 | 6.7 | 4.7 |

(b) **Proportion of women aged 20-24 years who were married by age 18** (Percentage)

| | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 ^a |
|---------------------------------|------|------|------|-------------------|
| World | 30.6 | 30.1 | 27.7 | 25.9 |
| Developing regions | 33.5 | 33.2 | 30.4 | 27.4 |
| Northern Africa | 19.1 | 16.3 | 13.7 | 12.7 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 42.8 | 42.3 | 40.5 | 37.1 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 29.4 | 30.1 | 31.1 | 28.1 |

| | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 ^a |
|---------------------------------|------|------|------|-------------------|
| Eastern Asia ^b | _ | _ | _ | - |
| Southern Asia | 60.5 | 57.9 | 52.1 | 44.1 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 20.9 | 19.3 | 16.2 | 16.2 |
| Western Asia | 26.5 | 23.5 | 20.4 | 19.0 |
| Oceania | 26.8 | 25.3 | 24.0 | 21.0 |
| Caucasus and Central Asia | 13.2 | 14.5 | 11.7 | 8.3 |
| Developed regions ^b | - | _ | _ | - |
| Least developed countries | 52.4 | 50.6 | 47.9 | 41.6 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 43.0 | 43.4 | 40.0 | 35.4 |
| Small island developing States | 27.9 | 28.7 | 26.6 | 23.2 |

^a Refers to the latest available data collected between 2013-2015.
^b Data coverage was insufficient to calculate regional estimates for Eastern Asia and Developed regions.

Indicator 5.3.2

Proportion of girls and women aged 15-49 years who have undergone female genital mutilation/cutting, by age

Proportion of girls aged 15-19 who have undergone FGM/C^a

| | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 |
|---|------|------|------|------|
| World (30 countries, 19 per cent population coverage) | 46.5 | 44.0 | 41.3 | 36.6 |
| Northern Africa (1 country, 52 per cent population coverage) | 92.6 | 89.2 | 81.6 | 69.6 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa (26 countries, 69 per cent population coverage) | 40.9 | 38.1 | 36.5 | 31.8 |
| South-Eastern Asia (1 country, 41 per cent population coverage) | 49.2 | 49.2 | 49.2 | 49.2 |
| Western Asia (2 countries, 32 per cent population coverage) | 14.1 | 12.4 | 11.9 | 10.0 |
| Least developed countries (22 countries, 45 per cent population coverage) | 52.7 | 50.1 | 47.7 | 43.1 |
| Landlocked developing countries (7 countries, 48 per cent population coverage) | 56.5 | 55.0 | 51.8 | 45.0 |
| Small island developing States (1 country, 4 per cent population coverage) | 46.7 | 47.7 | 45.9 | 41.9 |

^a The number of countries used to calculate the reginal values and the population coverages are presented in parentheses.

Target 5.5

Ensure women's full and effective participation and equal opportunities for leadership at all levels of decision-making in political, economic and public life

Indicator 5.5.1

Proportion of seats held by women in national parliaments and local governments

(a) **Proportion of seats held by women in national parliaments** (Percentage)

| | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2016 |
|---------------------------------|------|------|------|------|
| World | 13.8 | 16.1 | 19.2 | 22.7 |
| Developing regions | 12.5 | 14.4 | 17.8 | 21.4 |
| Northern Africa | 3.9 | 11.3 | 11.4 | 21.5 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 12.6 | 14.2 | 18.4 | 23.6 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 15.2 | 19.0 | 22.7 | 28.2 |
| Eastern Asia | 19.9 | 19.4 | 19.5 | 21.7 |
| Southern Asia | 6.8 | 8.8 | 18.2 | 17.7 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 12.3 | 15.5 | 19.3 | 18.3 |
| Western Asia | 4.2 | 3.9 | 8.8 | 12.5 |
| Oceania | 3.6 | 3.0 | 2.5 | 4.8 |
| Caucasus and Central Asia | 7.0 | 9.9 | 15.1 | 17.6 |
| Developed regions | 16.3 | 19.8 | 22.5 | 26.0 |
| Least developed countries | 9.9 | 13.1 | 19.3 | 22.8 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 7.8 | 13.4 | 21.6 | 26.0 |
| Small island developing States | 14.0 | 17.9 | 20.5 | 23.2 |

Goal 6

Ensure availability and sustainable management of water and sanitation for all

Target 6.1

By 2030, achieve universal and equitable access to safe and affordable drinking water for all

Indicator 6.1.1

Proportion of population using safely managed drinking water services

Proportion of population using improved drinking water sources

| (Tereentage) | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 |
|--------------------|------|------|------|------|
| World | 82.5 | 85.6 | 88.4 | 91.1 |
| Developing regions | 78.6 | 82.5 | 86.1 | 89.3 |

| | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 |
|---------------------------------|------|------|------|------|
| Northern Africa | 89.6 | 91.4 | 92.3 | 92.8 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 54.9 | 58.9 | 63.0 | 67.7 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 89.6 | 91.5 | 93.3 | 94.6 |
| Eastern Asia | 81.1 | 86.9 | 91.7 | 95.6 |
| Southern Asia | 80.8 | 85.0 | 89.2 | 92.5 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 79.5 | 83.5 | 87.2 | 90.3 |
| Western Asia | 87.1 | 88.5 | 89.9 | 94.6 |
| Oceania | 53.3 | 54.3 | 55.4 | 55.7 |
| Caucasus and Central Asia | 83.2 | 84.2 | 87.2 | 88.6 |
| Developed regions | 98.4 | 98.7 | 99.0 | 99.2 |
| Least developed countries | 56.4 | 60.3 | 64.3 | 69.4 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 58.4 | 63.2 | 68.6 | 72.5 |
| Small island developing States | 79.8 | 80.1 | 80.4 | 80.2 |

Target 6.2

By 2030, achieve access to adequate and equitable sanitation and hygiene for all and end open defecation, paying special attention to the needs of women and girls and those in vulnerable situations

Indicator 6.2.1

Proportion of population using safely managed sanitation services, including a hand-washing facility with soap and water

Proportion of population using improved sanitation facilities

(Percentage)

| | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 |
|---|------|------|------|------|
| World | 58.9 | 62.0 | 65.0 | 67.7 |
| Developing regions | 50.1 | 54.3 | 58.3 | 61.8 |
| Northern Africa | 80.3 | 84.7 | 88.5 | 89.5 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 25.6 | 26.9 | 28.3 | 29.7 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 74.7 | 77.8 | 80.8 | 83.1 |
| Eastern Asia | 60.4 | 66.2 | 71.9 | 77.4 |
| Southern Asia | 31.6 | 37.0 | 42.3 | 46.9 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 58.6 | 63.7 | 68.4 | 72.2 |
| Western Asia | 82.7 | 85.9 | 88.5 | 93.8 |
| Oceania | 35.7 | 35.8 | 35.9 | 35.5 |
| Caucasus and Central Asia | 87.7 | 90.8 | 94.9 | 95.9 |
| Developed regions | 94.6 | 95.0 | 95.4 | 95.6 |
| Least developed countries | 28.1 | 31.5 | 34.7 | 37.5 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 36.2 | 39.0 | 41.6 | 43.0 |
| Small island developing States ^a | 65.7 | 66.8 | 67.7 | 67.9 |

Target 6.4

By 2030, substantially increase water-use efficiency across all sectors and ensure sustainable withdrawals and supply of freshwater to address water scarcity and substantially reduce the number of people suffering from water scarcity

Indicator 6.4.2

Level of water stress: freshwater withdrawal as a proportion of available freshwater resources

(Percentage)

| | around 2012 |
|---------------------------------|-------------|
| World | 8.8 |
| Developing regions | 9.5 |
| Northern Africa | 96.2 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 3.0 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 2.3 |
| Eastern Asia | 19.9 |
| Eastern Asia excluding China | 23.0 |
| Southern Asia | 47.5 |
| Southern Asia excluding India | 53.5 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 7.7 |
| Western Asia | 54.5 |
| Oceania | <0.1 |
| Caucasus and Central Asia | 49.6 |
| Developed regions | 6.8 |
| Least developed countries | 4.1 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 11.2 |
| Small island developing States | 1.7 |

Target 6.5

By 2030, implement integrated water resources management at all levels, including through transboundary cooperation as appropriate

Indicator 6.5.1 Degree of integrated water resources management implementation (0-100)

(a) Proportion of countries in various stages of implementing national integrated water resources management plans or equivalent (Percentage)

| | Not relevant | Under development | Developed, not implemented | Implementation started | Implemented , advanced | Fully implemented |
|------------------------------------|-----------------|----------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------|
| World | 2.3 | 33.1 | 13.1 | 17.7 | 20.0 | 13.8 |
| Developing regions | 2.1 | 37.2 | 17.0 | 20.2 | 16.0 | 7.4 |
| Northern Africa | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 20.0 | 60.0 | 20.0 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 2.9 | 40.0 | 22.9 | 22.9 | 5.7 | 5.7 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 0.0 | 40.9 | 22.7 | 18.2 | 18.2 | 0.0 |
| Eastern Asia | 0.0 | 25.0 | 0.0 | 25.0 | 25.0 | 25.0 |
| Southern Asia | 0.0 | 40.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 40.0 | 20.0 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 0.0 | 33.3 | 0.0 | 33.3 | 22.2 | 11.1 |
| Western Asia | 0.0 | 75.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 25.0 |
| Oceania | 0.0 | 40.0 | 40.0 | 20.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Caucasus and Central Asia | 20.0 | 20.0 | 20.0 | 20.0 | 20.0 | 0.0 |
| Developed regions | 2.8 | 22.2 | 2.8 | 11.1 | 30.6 | 30.6 |

^a Based on 130 countries' response to a 2012 Integrated Water Resources Management survey question.

Target 6.a

By 2030, expand international cooperation and capacity-building support to developing countries in water- and sanitation-related activities and programmes, including water harvesting, desalination, water efficiency, wastewater treatment, recycling and reuse technologies

Indicator 6.a.1

Amount of water- and sanitation-related official development assistance that is part of a government-coordinated spending plan

Annual total official flows for water supply and sanitation (Billions of constant 2014 United States dollars)

(Binois of constant 2014 Onned States donars)

| | 2000^{a} | 2005 | 2010 | 2014 |
|---------------------------------|------------|------|------|------|
| All developing countries | 7.9 | 5.2 | 9.9 | 10.0 |
| Least developed countries | 1.0 | 1.1 | 1.8 | 2.1 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 0.8 | 0.7 | 1.0 | 1.7 |
| Small island developing States | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.2 |

^a 2000 is a proxy based on commitments instead of disbursements.

Target 6.b

Support and strengthen the participation of local communities in improving water and sanitation management

Indicator 6.b.1

Proportion of local administrative units with established and operational policies and procedures for participation of local communities in water and sanitation management

(a) Proportion of countries with clearly defined procedures in law or policy for participation by service users and communities in planning program in water and sanitation management and hygiene promotion, by residence^a (Percentage)

| | | 2012-2014 | | | |
|---------------------------------|---------|----------------|-------|--------|----------------------|
| | Drinkin | Drinking water | | tation | Hygiene Promotion |
| | Urban | Rural | Urban | Rural | Total |
| World | 79.8 | 83.0 | 75.5 | 78.7 | 72.3 |
| Developing regions | 85.4 | 89.0 | 79.5 | 84.1 | 76.5 |
| Northern Africa | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 50.0 | 0.0 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 78.4 | 86.5 | 78.4 | 81.1 | 81.1 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 87.5 | 93.8 | 75.0 | 81.3 | 75.0 |
| Eastern Asia | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Eastern Asia excluding China | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Southern Asia | 55.6 | 66.7 | 55.6 | 77.8 | 77.8 |
| Southern Asia excluding India | 62.5 | 75.0 | 62.5 | 75.0 | 75.0 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 87.5 | 87.5 | 75.0 | 87.5 | 50.0 |
| Western Asia | 100.0 | 100.0 | 80.0 | 100.0 | 20.0 |
| Oceania | 50.0 | 25.0 | 75.0 | 50.0 | 75.0 |
| Caucasus and Central Asia | 100.0 | 80.0 | 80.0 | 60.0 | 80.0 |
| Developed regions | 71.4 | 71.4 | 71.4 | 71.4 | 85.7 |
| Least developed countries | 88.9 | 91.9 | 78.4 | 86.5 | 88.6 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 96.2 | 96.2 | 80.8 | 84.6 | 100.0 |
| Small island developing States | 62.5 | 57.1 | 75.0 | 71.4 | 62.5 |

(b) Proportion of countries indicating a high participation of local communities in planning programs in water and sanitation management and hygiene promotion, by residence^a (Percentage)

| | 2012-2014 | |
|----------------|------------|-----------|
| | | Hygiene |
| Drinking water | Sanitation | Promotion |

| | Urban | Rural | Urban | Rural | Total |
|---------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| World | 12.8 | 22.3 | 9.6 | 24.5 | 13.8 |
| Developing regions | 15.8 | 26.9 | 11.7 | 29.9 | 17.8 |
| Northern Africa | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 16.2 | 24.3 | 13.5 | 35.1 | 8.1 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 0.0 | 18.8 | 0.0 | 6.3 | 18.8 |
| Eastern Asia | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Eastern Asia excluding China | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Southern Asia | 0.0 | 44.4 | 0.0 | 44.4 | 22.2 |
| Southern Asia excluding India | 0.0 | 50.0 | 0.0 | 50.0 | 25.0 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 37.5 | 25.0 | 12.5 | 25.0 | 25.0 |
| Western Asia | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Oceania | 50.0 | 50.0 | 50.0 | 50.0 | 50.0 |
| Caucasus and Central Asia | 20.0 | 20.0 | 20.0 | 20.0 | 20.0 |
| Developed regions | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Least developed countries | 22.9 | 30.6 | 20.0 | 47.1 | 17.6 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 20.0 | 32.0 | 16.7 | 34.8 | 16.7 |
| Small island developing States | 33.3 | 33.3 | 28.6 | 28.6 | 42.9 |

^a 2012-2014.

Goal 7 Ensure access to affordable, reliable, sustainable and modern energy for all

Target 7.1 By 2030, ensure universal access to affordable, reliable and modern energy services

Indicator 7.1.1

Proportion of population with access to electricity (Percentage)

| (reicentage) | 2000 | 2010 | 2012 |
|---------------------------------|------|------|-------|
| World | 79.4 | 83.2 | 84.7 |
| Developing regions | 74.3 | 79.4 | 81.3 |
| Northern Africa | 92.3 | 99.4 | 100.0 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 26.1 | 31.8 | 35.3 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 92.8 | 94.7 | 96.4 |
| Eastern Asia | 96.7 | 98.4 | 98.8 |
| Southern Asia | 62.9 | 75.5 | 78.9 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 79.4 | 87.8 | 90.0 |
| Western Asia | 89.4 | 91.3 | 93.1 |
| | | | |

| | 2000 | 2010 | 2012 |
|---------------------------------|------|-------|-------|
| Oceania | 23.1 | 25.3 | 28.7 |
| Caucasus and Central Asia | 98.6 | 99.9 | 100.0 |
| Developed regions | 99.8 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Least developed countries | 23.6 | 31.4 | 34.3 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 40.0 | 42.0 | 44.3 |
| Small island developing States | 70.7 | 72.8 | 74.3 |

Indicator 7.1.2

Proportion of population with primary reliance on clean fuels and technology $^{\it a}$ (Percentage)

| | 2005 | 2010 | 2014 |
|---------------------------------|------|------|------|
| World | 53.5 | 56.0 | 57.8 |
| Northern Africa | 95.1 | 99.1 | 99.9 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 11.8 | 12.3 | 12.8 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 81.4 | 84.3 | 86.5 |
| Eastern Asia | 51.2 | 54.9 | 57.8 |
| Southern Asia | 29.4 | 32.8 | 35.4 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 32.5 | 43.8 | 52.7 |
| Western Asia | 93.6 | 94.7 | 95.2 |
| Oceania | 21.4 | 26.3 | 30.2 |
| Caucasus and Central Asia | 80.7 | 84.7 | 87.8 |
| Developed regions | 97.8 | 98.5 | 98.9 |
| Least developed countries | 9.1 | 10.2 | 11.0 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 24.8 | 25.2 | 25.6 |
| Small island developing States | 56.4 | 59.5 | 61.8 |

^a Estimated; The figure is estimated by the international agency, when corresponding country data on a specific year or set of years are not available, or when multiple sources exist, or there are issues of data quality. Estimates are based on national data, such as surveys or administrative records, or other sources but on the same variable being estimated.

Note: Data only reported for WHO Member states.

Target 7.2 By 2030, increase substantially the share of renewable energy in the global energy mix

Indicator 7.2.1 Renewable energy share in the total final energy consumption

| (r | ercentage) | |
|----|------------|--|
| | | |
| | | |

| | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2012 |
|--------------------|------|------|------|------|
| World | 17.4 | 17.0 | 17.8 | 18.1 |
| Developing regions | 32.5 | 28.7 | 26.1 | 24.4 |

| | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2012 |
|---------------------------------|------|------|------|------|
| Northern Africa | 7.3 | 6.1 | 5.5 | 5.0 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 68.2 | 66.6 | 65.8 | 57.9 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 28.2 | 28.5 | 28.6 | 27.4 |
| Eastern Asia | 25.2 | 19.6 | 17.5 | 17.0 |
| Southern Asia | 43.4 | 39.8 | 33.9 | 32.6 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 38.5 | 33.9 | 31.7 | 31.2 |
| Western Asia | 5.8 | 5.1 | 4.1 | 3.8 |
| Oceania | 54.0 | 42.8 | 36.7 | - |
| Caucasus and Central Asia | 5.1 | 4.7 | 4.7 | 4.1 |
| Developed regions | 7.0 | 7.5 | 9.5 | 10.1 |
| Least developed countries | 75.7 | 72.3 | 67.8 | 51.3 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 44.3 | 43.3 | 42.4 | 29.2 |
| Small island developing States | 23.8 | 20.9 | 17.3 | 11.1 |

Target 7.3 By 2030, double the global rate of improvement in energy efficiency

Indicator 7.3.1

Energy intensity measured in terms of primary energy and gross domestic product (GDP)

Energy intensity level of primary energy (MJ per constant 2011 PPP GDP)

| | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2012 |
|---------------------------------|------|------|------|------|
| World | 6.7 | 6.3 | 5.9 | 5.7 |
| Developing regions | 6.8 | 6.6 | 6.1 | 6.1 |
| Northern Africa | 3.7 | 3.9 | 3.7 | 3.9 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 10.4 | 9.1 | 8.0 | 7.8 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 4.4 | 4.3 | 4.2 | 4.1 |
| Eastern Asia | 10.0 | 9.6 | 8.3 | 8.1 |
| Southern Asia | 6.8 | 6.1 | 5.5 | 5.4 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 5.5 | 5.2 | 4.7 | 4.5 |
| Western Asia | 4.7 | 4.6 | 5.0 | 4.9 |
| Oceania | 10.3 | 13.6 | 12.1 | 11.0 |
| Caucasus and Central Asia | 16.7 | 12.4 | 9.2 | 9.2 |
| Developed regions | 6.6 | 6.1 | 5.6 | 5.3 |
| Least developed countries | 8.9 | 7.5 | 6.5 | 6.4 |

| | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2012 |
|---------------------------------|------|------|------|------|
| Landlocked developing countries | 14.0 | 11.3 | 9.0 | 8.8 |
| Small island developing States | 5.3 | 5.1 | 4.4 | 4.2 |

Goal 8

Promote sustained, inclusive and sustainable economic growth, full and productive employment and decent work for all

Target 8.1

Sustain per capita economic growth in accordance with national circumstances and, in particular, at least 7 per cent gross domestic product growth per annum in the least developed countries

Annual growth rate of real GDP per capita (Percentage)

| | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2014 |
|---------------------------------|------|------|------|------|
| World | 3.0 | 2.3 | 2.8 | 1.3 |
| Developing regions | 4.2 | 5.2 | 6.2 | 3.1 |
| Northern Africa | 2.1 | 3.8 | 2.4 | -0.7 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 0.9 | 3.4 | 2.8 | 1.8 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 2.8 | 3.0 | 4.4 | 0.2 |
| Eastern Asia | 7.6 | 8.0 | 9.1 | 5.6 |
| Southern Asia | 2.6 | 6.2 | 7.1 | 5.2 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 4.5 | 4.4 | 6.8 | 3.1 |
| Western Asia | 4.1 | 4.2 | 3.6 | 0.9 |
| Oceania | -0.9 | 0.7 | 2.0 | 1.7 |
| Caucasus and Central Asia | 7.0 | 10.4 | 5.5 | 4.1 |
| Developed regions | 3.5 | 2.2 | 2.3 | 1.4 |
| Least developed countries | 1.7 | 5.5 | 3.4 | 3.1 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 1.6 | 6.0 | 4.9 | 3.1 |
| Small island developing States | 4.0 | 3.6 | 5.5 | 1.5 |

Target 8.2

Achieve higher levels of economic productivity through diversification, technological upgrading and innovation, including through a focus on high-value added and labour-intensive sectors

Indicator 8.2.1

Annual growth rate of real GDP per employed person (Percentage)

| | 1995-2000 | 2000-2005 | 2005-2010 | 2010-2015 |
|---------------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| World | 2.1 | 2.1 | 2.6 | 2.1 |
| Developing regions | 2.8 | 3.6 | 5.2 | 3.7 |
| Northern Africa | 2.0 | 1.0 | 1.9 | 0.3 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 0.8 | 3.1 | 2.6 | 1.3 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 1.2 | -0.3 | 1.7 | 0.7 |
| Eastern Asia | 6.6 | 7.8 | 9.6 | 6.7 |
| Southern Asia | 3.1 | 3.3 | 6.3 | 3.9 |
| South-Eastern Asia | -0.1 | 3.4 | 3.0 | 3.6 |
| Western Asia | 2.2 | 2.2 | 0.1 | 1.1 |
| Oceania | -1.8 | 0.1 | 1.4 | 3.5 |
| Caucasus and Central Asia | 2.5 | 6.8 | 6.1 | 3.6 |
| Developed regions | 2.3 | 1.8 | 0.9 | 0.9 |
| Least developed countries | 2.0 | 3.4 | 4.0 | 2.8 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 1.1 | 3.5 | 4.4 | 2.6 |
| Small island developing States | 2.6 | 2.0 | 2.2 | 1.4 |

Target 8.5

By 2030, achieve full and productive employment and decent work for all women and men, including for young people and persons with disabilities, and equal pay for work of equal value

Indicator 8.5.2 Unemployment rate, by sex, age and persons with disabilities^{*a,b*}

(a) Total unemployment rate^c

| 2000 6.9 | 2005 6.6 | 2010 6.5 | <i>2015</i> 6.1 |
|-------------|-------------|-------------|--------------------|
| 6.9 | 6.6 | 6.5 | 6.1 |
| | | | |
| 6.6 | 6.3 | 5.8 | 5.8 |
| 18.0 | 14.4 | 11.0 | 13.3 |
| 9.3 | 8.8 | 8.4 | 8.2 |
| | 18.0 | 18.0 14.4 | 18.0 14.4 11.0 |

| | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 |
|---------------------------------|------|------|------|------|
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 12.0 | 8.7 | 7.8 | 6.9 |
| Eastern Asia | 4.8 | 4.4 | 4.4 | 4.8 |
| Southern Asia | 5.0 | 5.2 | 4.4 | 4.3 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 5.6 | 7.1 | 5.1 | 4.5 |
| Western Asia | 9.8 | 11.8 | 11.0 | 11.3 |
| Oceania | 5.7 | 6.6 | 6.8 | 6.4 |
| Caucasus and Central Asia | 13.0 | 11.1 | 10.4 | 9.5 |
| Developed regions | 8.1 | 7.6 | 9.4 | 7.7 |
| Least developed countries | 6.1 | 6.3 | 6.2 | 6.2 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 7.3 | 7.4 | 6.7 | 6.6 |
| Small island developing States | 9.3 | 9.1 | 8.3 | 8.6 |

Total unemployment rate, by age^d (Percentage) **(b)**

| | 2000 | | 2005 | | 2010 | | 2015 | |
|---------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | Adult | Youth | Adult | Youth | Adult | Youth | Adult | Youth |
| World | 4.9 | 15.4 | 4.7 | 15.1 | 4.8 | 14.9 | 4.6 | 15.0 |
| Developing regions | 4.4 | 15.0 | 4.2 | 14.7 | 4.0 | 14.0 | 4.1 | 14.6 |
| Northern Africa | 11.1 | 45.1 | 7.8 | 41.0 | 6.9 | 31.4 | 8.6 | 45.5 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 7.4 | 14.3 | 6.8 | 13.9 | 6.5 | 13.6 | 6.6 | 12.8 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 8.3 | 25.5 | 6.0 | 19.6 | 5.6 | 18.0 | 5.0 | 16.8 |
| Eastern Asia | 3.4 | 11.3 | 3.2 | 10.4 | 3.2 | 10.9 | 3.7 | 13.7 |
| Southern Asia | 2.8 | 12.1 | 3.3 | 12.0 | 2.7 | 11.7 | 2.8 | 11.9 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 2.8 | 15.8 | 3.6 | 22.0 | 2.8 | 16.7 | 2.5 | 15.1 |
| Western Asia | 5.8 | 25.1 | 7.7 | 30.5 | 7.5 | 29.7 | 7.9 | 31.1 |
| Oceania | 3.8 | 11.2 | 4.7 | 12.9 | 4.8 | 13.9 | 4.6 | 13.2 |
| Caucasus and Central Asia | 10.5 | 24.1 | 8.6 | 22.1 | 8.3 | 20.5 | 7.7 | 20.1 |
| Developed regions | 6.7 | 17.5 | 6.3 | 17.3 | 7.9 | 22.0 | 6.6 | 18.0 |
| Least developed countries | 3.9 | 11.6 | 4.5 | 11.1 | 4.4 | 11.3 | 4.3 | 11.7 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 5.6 | 11.5 | 5.5 | 12.1 | 5.0 | 11.2 | 5.0 | 10.6 |
| Small island developing States | 6.8 | 21.1 | 6.3 | 23.1 | 6.0 | 21.1 | 6.3 | 22.1 |

(c) Total unemployment rate, by \sec^{c} (Percentage)

| (Percentag |
|------------|
|------------|

| | 20 | 2000 | | 2005 | | 2010 | | 15 |
|--------------------|------|-------|------|-------|-----|-------|------|-------|
| | Men | Women | Men | Women | Men | Women | Men | Women |
| World | 6.6 | 7.4 | 6.2 | 7.2 | 6.1 | 7.0 | 5.8 | 6.7 |
| Developing regions | 6.4 | 7.0 | 5.9 | 7.0 | 5.3 | 6.5 | 5.4 | 6.4 |
| Northern Africa | 14.7 | 31.6 | 11.0 | 28.2 | 8.0 | 22.4 | 10.2 | 25.2 |

| | 20 | 2000 | | 2005 | | 2010 | | 15 |
|---------------------------------|------|-------|------|-------|------|-------|-----|-------|
| | Men | Women | Men | Women | Men | Women | Men | Women |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 8.2 | 10.6 | 7.4 | 10.2 | 7.3 | 9.6 | 7.1 | 9.5 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 9.7 | 16.0 | 6.9 | 11.6 | 6.4 | 10.1 | 5.7 | 8.8 |
| Eastern Asia | 5.4 | 4.1 | 4.9 | 3.7 | 4.9 | 3.8 | 5.3 | 4.2 |
| Southern Asia | 4.9 | 5.2 | 4.8 | 6.4 | 4.0 | 5.6 | 4.0 | 5.2 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 5.6 | 5.5 | 6.5 | 7.8 | 4.9 | 5.4 | 4.4 | 4.5 |
| Western Asia | 8.5 | 14.5 | 10.2 | 18.3 | 8.7 | 20.3 | 9.0 | 19.7 |
| Oceania | 5.2 | 6.2 | 6.1 | 7.2 | 6.3 | 7.4 | 6.0 | 6.9 |
| Caucasus and Central Asia | 12.1 | 14.1 | 10.8 | 11.5 | 10.3 | 10.6 | 9.4 | 9.7 |
| Developed regions | 7.8 | 8.6 | 7.4 | 7.9 | 9.9 | 8.8 | 7.8 | 7.5 |
| Least developed countries | 5.4 | 6.9 | 5.3 | 7.7 | 5.3 | 7.4 | 5.4 | 7.2 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 6.8 | 8.0 | 6.6 | 8.3 | 6.1 | 7.4 | 5.8 | 7.5 |
| Small island developing States | 7.4 | 12.2 | 7.0 | 12.2 | 7.0 | 10.2 | 6.8 | 11.0 |

(d) Unemployment rate, men, by age^{d} (Percentage)

| | 20 | 2000 | | 2005 | | 2010 | | 15 |
|---------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | Adult | Youth | Adult | Youth | Adult | Youth | Adult | Youth |
| World | 4.7 | 15.1 | 4.3 | 14.4 | 4.5 | 14.4 | 4.3 | 14.3 |
| Developing regions | 4.2 | 14.7 | 3.9 | 14.0 | 3.6 | 13.2 | 3.8 | 13.7 |
| Northern Africa | 9.2 | 37.7 | 6.3 | 30.1 | 5.2 | 21.5 | 6.4 | 35.1 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 6.6 | 12.8 | 5.8 | 12.1 | 5.7 | 12.2 | 5.7 | 11.3 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 6.7 | 20.2 | 4.7 | 15.4 | 4.5 | 14.5 | 4.1 | 13.5 |
| Eastern Asia | 3.9 | 13.0 | 3.6 | 11.9 | 3.7 | 12.4 | 4.2 | 14.7 |
| Southern Asia | 2.8 | 11.9 | 2.8 | 11.5 | 2.3 | 11.1 | 2.5 | 11.5 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 2.9 | 16.1 | 3.4 | 20.3 | 2.7 | 16.0 | 2.5 | 14.4 |
| Western Asia | 5.0 | 22.8 | 6.7 | 26.9 | 5.8 | 24.3 | 6.2 | 26.3 |
| Oceania | 3.4 | 10.7 | 4.3 | 12.3 | 4.4 | 13.3 | 4.2 | 12.7 |
| Caucasus and Central Asia | 9.5 | 23.1 | 8.2 | 21.4 | 7.9 | 20.5 | 7.5 | 19.4 |
| Developed regions | 6.3 | 17.6 | 6.0 | 17.9 | 8.3 | 23.7 | 6.7 | 19.0 |
| Least developed countries | 3.4 | 11.1 | 3.6 | 9.9 | 3.6 | 10.3 | 3.6 | 11.0 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 5.0 | 11.4 | 4.7 | 11.6 | 4.3 | 11.0 | 4.2 | 10.0 |
| Small island developing States | 5.3 | 17.6 | 4.8 | 18.3 | 4.9 | 18.2 | 5.0 | 17.8 |

(e) Unemployment rate, women, by age^d

| | 200 | 2000 | | 2005 | | 2010 | | 15 |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | Adult | Youth | Adult | Youth | Adult | Youth | Adult | Youth |
| World | 5.4 | 15.8 | 5.2 | 16.0 | 5.2 | 15.8 | 5.0 | 16.2 |

| | 20 | 00 | 20 | 05 | 20 | 10 | 20 | 15 |
|---------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | Adult | Youth | Adult | Youth | Adult | Youth | Adult | Youth |
| Developing regions | 4.7 | 15.5 | 4.7 | 15.9 | 4.5 | 15.1 | 4.6 | 16.1 |
| Northern Africa | 19.7 | 69.7 | 14.0 | 84.9 | 13.1 | 73.3 | 16.6 | 90.0 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 8.5 | 16.1 | 8.1 | 15.9 | 7.6 | 15.3 | 7.7 | 14.7 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 11.0 | 35.2 | 8.0 | 26.7 | 7.2 | 23.8 | 6.4 | 22.3 |
| Eastern Asia | 2.9 | 9.4 | 2.7 | 8.7 | 2.7 | 9.2 | 3.1 | 12.5 |
| Southern Asia | 2.9 | 12.7 | 4.4 | 13.2 | 3.8 | 13.2 | 3.5 | 13.1 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 2.7 | 15.4 | 3.9 | 24.3 | 3.0 | 17.7 | 2.5 | 16.0 |
| Western Asia | 8.9 | 32.2 | 11.7 | 42.6 | 14.2 | 48.9 | 14.5 | 47.5 |
| Oceania | 4.2 | 11.7 | 5.1 | 13.5 | 5.2 | 14.7 | 5.0 | 13.6 |
| Caucasus and Central Asia | 11.7 | 25.5 | 9.2 | 23.1 | 8.7 | 20.4 | 8.0 | 21.1 |
| Developed regions | 7.3 | 17.4 | 6.7 | 16.6 | 7.5 | 19.9 | 6.5 | 16.7 |
| Least developed countries | 4.7 | 12.2 | 5.7 | 12.6 | 5.5 | 12.4 | 5.2 | 12.6 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 6.5 | 11.6 | 6.5 | 12.7 | 5.8 | 11.5 | 6.1 | 11.4 |
| Small island developing States | 9.1 | 26.4 | 8.6 | 30.3 | 7.4 | 25.2 | 8.2 | 28.1 |

^{*a*} Unemployment rate is calculated as the number of unemployed persons expressed as a percentage of the labour force, where unemployed persons are those who, during the short reference period, did not work, were available to work and sought work.

^b Statistics on the labour force status of individuals disaggregated by their disability status are not available at the global and regional levels at this stage.

^c Refers to persons aged 15 and above.

 d Adults refer to persons aged 25 and above; youth refers to persons aged 15 to 24 inclusive.

Target 8.7

Take immediate and effective measures to eradicate forced labour, end modern slavery and human trafficking and secure the prohibition and elimination of the worst forms of child labour, including recruitment and use of child soldiers, and by 2025 end child labour in all its forms

Indicator 8.7.1

Proportion and number of children aged 5-17 years engaged in child labour, by sex and age

(a) Number of children aged 5-17 years engaged in child labour, 2012

(Thousands)

| | Total number of children | Children in employment ^a | Children in labour ^b | Children in hazardous work ^c |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|--|------------------------------------|---|
| World | 1 585 566 | 264 427 | 167 956 | 85 344 |
| Asia and the Pacific | 835 334 | 129 358 | 77 723 | 38 860 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 142 693 | 17 843 | 12 505 | 9 638 |

| | Total number of children | Children in employment ^a | Children in labour ^b | Children in hazardous work ^c |
|----------------------------|-----------------------------|--|------------------------------------|---|
| Sub Saharan Africa | 275 397 | 83 570 | 53 031 | 28 767 |
| Other regions | 332 143 | 33 656 | 18 697 | 13 078 |
| of which MENA ^d | 110 411 | 13 307 | 9 244 | 5 224 |

(b) Proportion of children aged 5-17 years engaged in child labour, 2012

| | Children in employment | Children in labour | Children in hazardous work |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|
| World | 16.7 | 10.6 | 5.4 |
| Asia and the Pacific | 15.5 | 9.3 | 4.1 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 12.5 | 8.8 | 6.8 |
| Sub Saharan Africa | 30.3 | 21.4 | 10.4 |
| Other regions | 10.1 | 5.6 | 3.9 |
| of which MENA ^d | 12.1 | 8.4 | 4.7 |

^a Children in employment refer to all children aged 5-17 who work.

^b Children in labour refer to children who work that is prohibited by law and is a subset of children in employment. ^c Children in hazardous work refer to children in any activity or occupation that, by its nature or type, has or leads to adverse effects on the their safety, health and moral development. It is a subcategory of child labour... ^d Middle East and Northern Africa.

Note: Data for the regional groupings established for the purposes of SDG reporting are not available for this indicator. ILO regional groupings are used instead.

Target 8.10 Strengthen the capacity of domestic financial institutions to encourage and expand access to banking, insurance and financial services for all

Indicator 8.10.2

Proportion of adults (15 years and older) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (Percentage)

| | 2011 | 2014 |
|---------------------------------|------|------|
| World | 50.6 | 61.5 |
| Developing regions | 41.8 | 53.9 |
| Northern Africa | 22.3 | 26.4 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 23.2 | 34.2 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 34.3 | 51.9 |
| Eastern Asia | 65.0 | 79.6 |
| Southern Asia | 32.3 | 46.4 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 31.2 | 41.1 |
| Western Asia | 40.5 | 46.4 |
| Oceania | - | - |
| Caucasus and Central Asia | 21.9 | 34.7 |

| | 2011 | 2014 |
|---------------------------------|------|------|
| Developed regions | 81.6 | 88.1 |
| Least developed countries | 17.9 | 24.0 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 20.2 | 27.9 |
| Small island developing States | 51.4 | 57.2 |

Target 8.a

Increase Aid for Trade support for developing countries, in particular least developed countries, including through the Enhanced Integrated Framework for Trade-related Technical Assistance to Least Developed Countries

Indicator 8.a.1

Aid for trade commitments and disbursements

(a) Annual official flows for trade disbursements

(Billions of constant 2014 United States dollars)

| | 2002-05 | 2010 | 2014 |
|---------------------------------|---------|-------|-------|
| All developing countries | 16.22 | 32.74 | 42.75 |
| Least developed countries | 4.94 | 9.20 | 10.52 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 3.07 | 6.17 | 6.49 |
| Small island developing States | 0.43 | 1.22 | 1.18 |

(b) Annual total official flows for trade commitments

(Billions of constant 2014 United States dollars)

| | 2002-05 | 2010 | 2014 |
|---------------------------------|---------|-------|-------|
| All developing countries | 24.92 | 43.89 | 54.80 |
| Least developed countries | 6.88 | 13.41 | 14.43 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 4.29 | 8.58 | 10.23 |
| Small island developing States | 0.76 | 1.28 | 1.37 |

(c) Share of sector allocable official flows for trade disbursements

(Percentage)

| (************************************** | | | |
|---|---------|------|------|
| | 2002-05 | 2010 | 2014 |
| All developing countries | 19.4 | 12.8 | 12.8 |
| Least developed countries | 30.4 | 27.2 | 27.9 |

| | 2002-05 | 2010 | 2014 |
|---------------------------------|---------|------|------|
| Landlocked developing countries | 31.0 | 25.2 | 24.4 |
| Small island developing States | 19.0 | 18.0 | 23.9 |

(d) Share of sector allocable official flows for trade commitments

| (Percentage) | | | |
|---------------------------------|---------|------|------|
| | 2002-05 | 2010 | 2014 |
| All developing countries | 20.2 | 21.1 | 24.6 |
| Least developed countries | 31.6 | 33.9 | 30.7 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 32.1 | 29.7 | 30.6 |
| Small island developing States | 22.5 | 15.9 | 21.1 |

Goal 9

(D)

Build resilient infrastructure, promote inclusive and sustainable industrialization and foster innovation

Target 9.1

Develop quality, reliable, sustainable and resilient infrastructure, including regional and trans-border infrastructure, to support economic development and human well-being, with a focus on affordable and equitable access for all

Indicator 9.1.2 Passenger and freight volumes, by mode of transport

(a) **Passenger volume, by air transport** (Millions)

| (MIIIIONS) | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|--|
| · · · · · | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2014 | |
| World | 1 672.3 | 2 027.4 | 2 642.0 | 3 271.1 | |
| Developing regions | 397.4 | 572.0 | 1 009.3 | 1 456.1 | |
| Northern Africa | 13.7 | 14.9 | 24.9 | 27.5 | |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 17.9 | 23.6 | 37.8 | 44.9 | |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 97.0 | 107.9 | 176.3 | 240.2 | |
| Eastern Asia | 112.5 | 193.3 | 333.4 | 490.4 | |
| Southern Asia | 35.5 | 52.1 | 95.8 | 114.9 | |
| South-Eastern Asia | 70.7 | 102.6 | 184.4 | 279.4 | |
| Western Asia | 42.9 | 68.1 | 145.1 | 244.1 | |
| Oceania | 2.3 | 2.4 | 3.3 | 4.2 | |
| Caucasus and Central Asia | 4.9 | 7.1 | 8.3 | 10.5 | |
| | | | | | |

| | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2014 |
|---------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2014 |
| Developed regions | 1 274.8 | 1 455.5 | 1 632.7 | 1 815.0 |
| Least developed countries | 7.7 | 10.0 | 18.1 | 26.4 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 11.2 | 13.2 | 20.0 | 26.6 |
| Small island developing States | 28.7 | 28.1 | 35.9 | 45.1 |

(b) Freight volume, by air transport (Thousand tonnes)

| | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2014 |
|---------------------------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| World | 42 695.3 | 56 185.4 | 45 302.7 | 48 327.3 |
| Developing regions | 13 232.3 | 18 122.1 | 22 352.1 | 24 063.0 |
| Northern Africa | 158.4 | 158.9 | 180.1 | 167.1 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 443.8 | 526.5 | 503.5 | 613.0 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 1 988.0 | 2 230.6 | 1 530.3 | 1 922.4 |
| Eastern Asia | 5 345.1 | 8 343.7 | 10 702.5 | 10 419.8 |
| Southern Asia | 504.4 | 630.1 | 1 111.4 | 1 247.3 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 3 376.5 | 3 555.4 | 4 093.8 | 3 584.1 |
| Western Asia | 1 301.1 | 2 578.1 | 4 102.9 | 5 984.8 |
| Oceania | 36.5 | 48.3 | 54.4 | 56.4 |
| Caucasus and Central Asia | 78.6 | 50.6 | 73.3 | 68.2 |
| Developed regions | 29 462.9 | 38 063.2 | 22 950.7 | 24 264.4 |
| Least developed countries | 227.4 | 214.6 | 343.0 | 515.5 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 246.5 | 180.6 | 340.6 | 454.1 |
| Small island developing States | 2 168.7 | 1 889.0 | 1 454.3 | 1 270.7 |

Target 9.2

Promote inclusive and sustainable industrialization and, by 2030, significantly raise industry's share of employment and gross domestic product, in line with national circumstances, and double its share in least developed countries

Indicator 9.2.1 Manufacturing value added as a proportion of GDP and per capita

(a) Manufacturing value added share in GDP at constant 2010 United States dollars (Percentage)

| | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 |
|--------------------|------|------|------|
| World | 15.3 | 15.8 | 16.1 |
| Developing regions | 18.6 | 20.0 | 20.6 |
| Northern Africa | 11.3 | 11.2 | 11.5 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 10.3 | 9.4 | 10.0 |

| | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 |
|---------------------------------|------|------|------|
| Latin America | 15.8 | 14.4 | 13.3 |
| Caribbean | 13.7 | 13.3 | 13.0 |
| Eastern Asia | 27.3 | 30.6 | 31.4 |
| Southern Asia | 12.6 | 13.6 | 12.7 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 25.2 | 24.2 | 23.7 |
| Western Asia | 11.0 | 11.3 | 11.8 |
| Oceania | 8.9 | 8.2 | 6.8 |
| Caucasus and Central Asia | 13.6 | 11.4 | 11.1 |
| Developed regions | 13.9 | 13.6 | 13.4 |
| Least developed countries | 10.4 | 10.4 | 11.4 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 11.8 | 10.4 | 10.0 |
| Small island developing States | 16.3 | 16.4 | 15.4 |

(b) Manufacturing value added per capita at constant 2010 United States dollars (Constant 2010 United States dollars)

| | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 |
|---------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|
| World | 1 347 | 1 493 | 1 630 |
| Developing regions | 552 | 757 | 923 |
| Northern Africa | 348 | 404 | 406 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 139 | 144 | 165 |
| Latin America | 1 246 | 1 303 | 1 253 |
| Caribbean | 572 | 652 | 695 |
| Eastern Asia | 900 | 1 550 | 2 161 |
| Southern Asia | 142 | 202 | 227 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 663 | 779 | 913 |
| Western Asia | 1 041 | 1 179 | 1 355 |
| Oceania | 284 | 273 | 250 |
| Caucasus and Central Asia | 365 | 424 | 491 |
| Developed regions | 4 710 | 4 748 | 4 926 |
| Least developed countries | 62 | 79 | 98 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 119 | 133 | 149 |
| Small island developing States | 1 068 | 1 314 | 1 363 |

Indicator 9.2.2

Manufacturing employment as a proportion of total employment (Parantaga)

| 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2013 |
|------|--------------|------------------------|---------------------------------|
| 12.0 | 11.9 | 11.3 | 11.1 |
| 11.2 | 11.9 | 11.5 | 11.2 |
| 11.9 | 11.2 | 11.9 | 11.2 |
| | 12.0 11.2 | 12.0 11.9 11.2 11.9 | 12.0 11.9 11.3 11.2 11.9 11.5 |

| | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2013 |
|---------------------------------|------|------|------|------|
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 6.1 | 5.6 | 5.4 | 5.4 |
| Latin America | 13.9 | 13.9 | 13.3 | 12.5 |
| Caribbean | 11.6 | 10.4 | 8.5 | 8.4 |
| Eastern Asia | 12.4 | 13.0 | 12.8 | 12.0 |
| Southern Asia | 10.6 | 12.5 | 11.9 | 12.3 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 11.8 | 12.4 | 12.4 | 12.5 |
| Western Asia | 12.0 | 12.0 | 11.4 | 11.0 |
| Oceania | - | 2.1 | 2.0 | 2.1 |
| Caucasus and Central Asia | 10.6 | 10.3 | 11.1 | 10.3 |
| Developed regions | 15.1 | 12.8 | 11.3 | 11.4 |
| Least developed countries | 5.6 | 6.7 | 7.1 | 7.1 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 6.8 | 6.6 | 6.7 | 6.2 |
| Small island developing States | - | - | - | - |

Target 9.4

By 2030, upgrade infrastructure and retrofit industries to make them sustainable, with increased resource-use efficiency and greater adoption of clean and environmentally sound technologies and industrial processes, with all countries taking action in accordance with their respective capabilities

Indicator 9.4.1

CO₂ emission per unit of value added

(a) CO_2 emission per GDP PPP^b

(Kilogrammes of CO₂ per constant 2010 United States dollars)

| | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2013 |
|--|------|------|------|------|
| World | 0.38 | 0.37 | 0.34 | 0.33 |
| Developing Regions | 0.36 | 0.37 | 0.34 | 0.34 |
| Northern Africa | 0.22 | 0.23 | 0.22 | 0.23 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 0.27 | 0.26 | 0.22 | 0.21 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 0.21 | 0.20 | 0.20 | 0.19 |
| Eastern, Southern, South-Eastern Asia, and Oceania | 0.45 | 0.46 | 0.41 | 0.41 |
| Western Asia | 0.29 | 0.28 | 0.30 | 0.28 |
| Caucasus and Central Asia | 1.02 | 0.77 | 0.60 | 0.55 |
| Developed Regions | 0.37 | 0.34 | 0.31 | 0.29 |

^a CO2 Fuel Combustion presents total CO2 emissions from fuel combustion.

^b This ratio is expressed in kilogrammes of CO2 per constant 2010 United States dollars. It has been calculated

using CO2 Fuel Combustion emissions (CO2FCOMB) and GDP calculated using purchasing power parities.

Target 9.5

Enhance scientific research, upgrade the technological capabilities of industrial sectors in all countries, in particular developing countries, including, by 2030, encouraging innovation and substantially increasing the number of research and development workers per 1 million people and public and private research and development spending

Indicator 9.5.1

Research and development (R&D) expenditure as a proportion of GDP (Percentage)

| | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2013 |
|---------------------------------|------|------|------|------|
| World | 1.53 | 1.54 | 1.63 | 1.70 |
| Developing regions | 0.63 | 0.79 | 1.01 | 1.16 |
| Northern Africa | 0.28 | 0.28 | 0.39 | 0.51 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 0.40 | 0.41 | 0.40 | 0.41 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 0.53 | 0.55 | 0.65 | 0.67 |
| Eastern Asia | 1.11 | 1.49 | 1.92 | 2.25 |
| Southern Asia | 0.58 | 0.70 | 0.70 | 0.71 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 0.57 | 0.65 | 0.77 | 0.79 |
| Western Asia | 0.26 | 0.28 | 0.35 | 0.38 |
| Oceania | 0.15 | 0.15 | 0.15 | 0.15 |
| Caucasus and Central Asia | 0.22 | 0.24 | 0.20 | 0.23 |
| Developed regions | 2.16 | 2.15 | 2.29 | 2.36 |
| Least developed countries | 0.21 | 0.19 | 0.22 | 0.24 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 0.24 | 0.24 | 0.23 | 0.28 |
| Small island developing States | 0.81 | 0.96 | 0.99 | 0.98 |

Indicator 9.5.2

Researchers (in full-time equivalent) per million inhabitants

| | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2013 |
|---------------------------------|-------|-------|---------|---------|
| World | 803.5 | 907.0 | 1 022.8 | 1 083.3 |
| Developing regions | 260.6 | 350.8 | 476.2 | 536.4 |
| Northern Africa | 510.2 | 529.5 | 511.6 | 571.2 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 74.2 | 84.7 | 93.4 | 95.1 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 284.8 | 391.0 | 459.3 | 467.9 |
| Eastern Asia | 444.3 | 699.0 | 1 068.6 | 1 278.0 |
| Southern Asia | 112.9 | 138.2 | 170.1 | 171.2 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 279.9 | 316.6 | 458.9 | 502.5 |
| Western Asia | 331.3 | 384.7 | 497.9 | 604.6 |
| | | | | |

| | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2013 |
|---------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Oceania | 631.2 | 643.5 | 644.4 | 644.7 |
| Caucasus and Central Asia | 479.5 | 485.6 | 484.7 | 591.4 |
| Developed regions | 3 032.3 | 3 314.3 | 3 502.1 | 3 641.1 |
| Least developed countries | 50.2 | 56.1 | 64.9 | 65.5 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 121.3 | 124.3 | 131.6 | 150.3 |
| Small island developing States | 569.4 | 685.5 | 805.3 | 819.4 |

Target 9.a

Facilitate sustainable and resilient infrastructure development in developing countries through enhanced financial, technological and technical support to African countries, least developed countries, landlocked developing countries and small island developing States

Indicator 9.a.1

Total official international support (official development assistance plus other official flows) to infrastructure

Annual total official flows for infrastructure

(Billions of constant 2014 United States dollars)

| | 2000^{a} | 2005 | 2010 | 2014 |
|---------------------------------|------------|-------|-------|-------|
| All developing countries | 25.00 | 18.10 | 52.76 | 59.54 |
| Least developed countries | 3.91 | 3.72 | 6.24 | 8.34 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 2.31 | 2.43 | 6.05 | 6.77 |
| Small island developing States | 0.73 | 0.33 | 1.37 | 1.18 |

^a 2000 is a proxy based on commitments instead of disbursements.

Target 9.c

Significantly increase access to information and communications technology and strive to provide universal and affordable access to the Internet in least developed countries by 2020

Indicator 9.c.1

Proportion of population covered by a mobile network, by technology (Percentage)

| | 20 | 14 |
|-------|--|--|
| | Covered by a mobile- cellular network | Covered by at least a 3G mobile network |
| World | 95.7 | 66.0 |

| | 20 | 14 |
|---------------------------------|--|--|
| | Covered by a mobile- cellular network | Covered by at least a 3G mobile network |
| Developing regions | 94.9 | 56.6 |
| Northern Africa | 99.2 | 74.8 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 87.8 | 53.2 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 98.5 | 87.0 |
| Eastern Asia | 99.5 | 46.7 |
| Southern Asia | 92.5 | 46.8 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 96.3 | 83.8 |
| Western Asia | 95.9 | 73.6 |
| Oceania | 95.7 | 39.3 |
| Caucasus and Central Asia | 95.6 | 51.5 |
| Developed regions | 99.7 | 94.6 |
| Least developed countries | 85.0 | 50.1 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 88.0 | 48.7 |
| Small island developing States | 87.4 | 48.8 |

Goal 10 Reduce inequality within and among countries

Target 10.4

Adopt policies, especially fiscal, wage and social protection policies, and progressively achieve greater equality

Indicator 10.4.1

Labour share of GDP, comprising wages and social protection transfers^a (Percentage)

| | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 |
|---------------------------------|------|------|------|------|
| World | 56.5 | 54.6 | 54.9 | 55.0 |
| Developing regions | 54.4 | 52.9 | 54.1 | 55.0 |
| Northern Africa | 52.1 | 50.2 | 49.1 | 48.6 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 49.5 | 47.3 | 46.6 | 47.2 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 50.5 | 48.1 | 50.6 | 52.0 |
| Eastern Asia | 61.4 | 60.0 | 60.2 | 61.4 |
| Southern Asia | 50.2 | 46.4 | 48.0 | 47.1 |
| South-Eastern Asia | - | - | - | - |
| Western Asia | 53.1 | 50.9 | 50.5 | 49.1 |
| Oceania | 47.7 | 49.2 | 50.2 | 48.2 |
| Caucasus and Central Asia | - | - | - | - |
| Developed regions | 57.9 | 56.0 | 55.8 | 55.1 |

| | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 |
|---------------------------------|------|------|------|------|
| Least developed countries | - | - | - | - |
| Landlocked developing countries | - | - | - | - |
| Small island developing States | - | - | - | - |

^a Employment income (wages, salaries and employers' social contribution) and total social expenditure of the general government as a percentage of GDP (PPP).

Target 10.6

Ensure enhanced representation and voice for developing countries in decision-making in global international economic and financial institutions in order to deliver more effective, credible, accountable and legitimate institutions

Indicator 10.6.1

Proportion of members and voting rights of developing countries in international organizations^a

(a) Proportion of developing countries in international organizations

(Percentage)

| | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 |
|---|------|------|------|-----------------|
| African Development Bank | 78 | 78 | 78 | 77 ^b |
| Asian Development Bank | 69 | 69 | 69 | 69 |
| Financial Stability Board | - | - | 50 | 50 |
| Inter-American Development Bank | 59 | 60 | 60 | 60 |
| International Bank for Reconstruction and Development | 75 | 75 | 74 | 74 |
| International Finance Corporation | 75 | 75 | 74 | 74 |
| International Monetary Fund | 75 | 75 | 74 | 74 |
| UN Economic and Social Council | 63 | 69 | 65 | 65 |
| UN General Assembly | 75 | 74 | 74 | 74 |
| UN Security Council | 53 | 47 | 53 | 53 |
| World Trade Organisation | 72 | 71 | 71 | 71 |

(b) Proportion of voting rights of developing countries in international organizations (Percentage)

| | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 | |
|---|------|------|------|-----------------|--|
| African Development Bank | 63 | 63 | 64 | 63 ^b | |
| Asian Development Bank | 58 | 58 | 54 | 58 | |
| Financial Stability Board | - | - | 38 | 44 | |
| Inter-American Development Bank | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 | |
| International Bank for Reconstruction and Development | 38 | 38 | 38 | 38 | |

| | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 |
|-----------------------------------|------|------|------|------|
| International Finance Corporation | 30 | 30 | 30 | 32 |
| International Monetary Fund | 31 | 32 | 33 | 35 |
| UN Economic and Social Council | 63 | 69 | 65 | 65 |
| UN General Assembly | 75 | 74 | 74 | 74 |
| UN Security Council | 53 | 47 | 53 | 53 |
| World Trade Organisation | 72 | 71 | 71 | 71 |

^a There is no established convention for the designation of "developed" and "developing" countries or areas in the United Nations system. In common practice, Japan in Asia, Canada and the United States in northern America, Australia and New Zealand in Oceania, and Europe are considered "developed" regions or areas. Until a definition of developing countries is agreed, the SDG indicators will provisionally aggregate all countries located in "developing regions".
^b Data for 2014.

Target 10.a

Implement the principle of special and differential treatment for developing countries, in particular least developed countries, in accordance with World Trade Organization agreements

Indicator 10.a.1

Proportion of tariff lines applied to imports from least developed countries and developing countries with zero-tariff

(Percentage)

| | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 |
|---------------------------|------|------|------|
| All developing countries | 50.3 | 44.4 | 41.1 |
| Least developed countries | 65.1 | 56.3 | 49.4 |

Target 10.b

Encourage official development assistance and financial flows, including foreign direct investment, to States where the need is greatest, in particular least developed countries, African countries, small island developing States and landlocked developing countries, in accordance with their national plans and programmes

Indicator 10.b.1

Total resource flows for development, by recipient and donor countries and type of flow (e.g. official development assistance, foreign direct investment and other flows)

(a) Annual total assistance for development

(Billions of current United States dollars)

| 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2014 |
|------|------|------|------|
| | | | |

| | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2014 |
|---------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| All developing countries | 134.80 | 291.11 | 525.98 | 588.47 |
| Least developed countries | 13.51 | 25.69 | 47.12 | 55.21 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 9.18 | 18.75 | 29.28 | 34.86 |
| Small island developing States | 4.26 | 5.61 | 22.56 | 0.97 |

Target 10.c

By 2030, reduce to less than 3 per cent the transaction costs of migrant remittances and eliminate remittance corridors with costs higher than 5 per cent

Indicator 10.c.1

Remittance costs as a proportion of the amount remitted (Percentage)

| | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 |
|---------------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|
| World | 8.9 | 9.0 | 8.6 | 8.2 | 7.5 |
| Developing regions | 9.1 | 9.2 | 8.7 | 8.3 | 7.6 |
| Northern Africa | 8.6 | 10.3 | 9.6 | 9.7 | 7.2 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 12.7 | 12.7 | 12.5 | 12.2 | 10.2 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 6.9 | 7.4 | 6.4 | 5.6 | 6.0 |
| Eastern Asia | - | - | - | - | - |
| Eastern Asia excluding China | - | - | - | - | - |
| Southern Asia | 6.1 | 6.0 | 6.1 | 5.7 | 5.5 |
| Southern Asia excluding India | 5.6 | 5.4 | 5.3 | 5.1 | 5.3 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 7.5 | 7.8 | 7.6 | 7.3 | 8.6 |
| Western Asia | - | - | - | - | - |
| Oceania | 17.3 | - | - | - | - |
| Caucasus and Central Asia | 2.4 | 2.1 | 1.9 | 1.7 | 1.7 |
| Developed regions | - | - | - | - | - |

Goal 11 Make cities and human settlements inclusive, safe, resilient and sustainable

Target 11.1

By 2030, ensure access for all to adequate, safe and affordable housing and basic services and upgrade slums

Indicator 11.1.1 Proportion of urban population living in slums, informal settlements or inadequate housing

Proportion of urban population living in slums^a

(Percentage)

| | 1990 | 2000 | 2014 |
|---------------------------------|------|------|------|
| Developing regions | 46.2 | 39.4 | 29.7 |
| Northern Africa | 34.4 | 20.3 | 11.1 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 70.0 | 65.0 | 55.2 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 33.7 | 29.2 | 20.5 |
| Eastern Asia | 43.7 | 37.4 | 25.2 |
| Southern Asia | 57.2 | 45.8 | 30.7 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 49.5 | 39.6 | 27.4 |
| Western Asia | 22.5 | 20.6 | 24.7 |
| Oceania ^b | 24.1 | 24.1 | 24.1 |

^{*a*} Represented by the urban population living in households with at least one of the following four characteristics: lack of access to improved drinking water; lack of access to improved sanitation; overcrowding (three or more persons per room); and dwellings made of non-durable material. Half of the urban dwellers using pit latrines are considered to be using improved sanitation.

^b Trend data are not available for Oceania.

Target 11.6

By 2030, reduce the adverse per capita environmental impact of cities, including by paying special attention to air quality and municipal and other waste management

Indicator 11.6.2

Annual mean levels of fine particulate matter (e.g. PM2.5 and PM10) in cities (population weighted)^a

(Percentage)

| | 2014 |
|--------------------|------|
| World | 45 |
| Developing regions | 52 |
| Northern Africa | 64 |
| | |

| | 2014 |
|---------------------------------|------|
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 39 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 19 |
| Eastern Asia | 60 |
| Southern Asia | 73 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 26 |
| Western Asia | 55 |
| Oceania | 11 |
| Caucasus and Central Asia | 31 |
| Developed regions | 14 |
| Least developed countries | 52 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 44 |
| Small island developing States | 17 |

^a These values represent urban areas only to align with the target and indicator. Therefore the disaggregation category lists "Total" although these values only represent PM2.5 averages in urban areas only. Note: Data only reported for WHO Member states.

Goal 12 Ensure sustainable consumption and production patterns

Target 12.2 By 2030, achieve the sustainable management and efficient use of natural resources

Indicator 12.2.1 Material footprint, material footprint per capita, and material footprint per GDP^a

(a) Material footprint, total (Millions of tonnes)

| | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 |
|---------------------------------|----------|----------|----------|
| World | 48 772.8 | 59 015.5 | 69 618.8 |
| Developing regions | 23 930.1 | 30 849.7 | 44 259.2 |
| Northern Africa | 567.8 | 606.9 | 801.0 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 1 392.1 | - | - |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 4 614.3 | 4943.5 | 6 084.7 |
| Eastern Asia | 9 344.4 | 13 505.2 | 22 320.9 |
| Southern Asia | 3 776.5 | 4 755.2 | 6 185.4 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 2 285.1 | 2 940.3 | 3 875.9 |
| Western Asia | 1 338.5 | 1 641.9 | 2 120.3 |
| Oceania | 28.1 | 32.3 | 37.5 |

| | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 |
|---------------------------------|----------|----------|----------|
| Caucasus and Central Asia | 415.5 | 537.8 | 668.2 |
| Developed regions | 25 010.4 | 28 318.2 | 25 523.9 |
| Least developed countries | 848.6 | - | - |
| Landlocked developing countries | 845.5 | 1 098.3 | 1 429.2 |
| Small island developing States | - | 613.5 | 703.1 |

(b) Material footprint per unit of GDP (Kilograms per unit of GDP)

| | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 |
|---------------------------------|------|------|------|
| World | 22.9 | 24.2 | 21.0 |
| Developing regions | 11.8 | 12.7 | 14.5 |
| Northern Africa | 3.8 | 3.7 | 4.5 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 5.2 | - | - |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 9.4 | 9.4 | 10.8 |
| Eastern Asia | 16.0 | 17.5 | 21.0 |
| Southern Asia | 3.6 | 4.3 | 5.0 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 14.5 | 14.5 | 17.1 |
| Western Asia | 17.7 | 19.4 | 17.2 |
| Oceania | 12.3 | 14.0 | 13.0 |
| Caucasus and Central Asia | 8.3 | 11.1 | 12.3 |
| Developed regions | 25.9 | 27.8 | 23.6 |
| Least developed countries | 1.6 | - | - |
| Landlocked developing countries | 6.1 | 7.6 | 8.5 |
| Small island developing States | - | 33.9 | 38.4 |

(c) Material footprint per capita (Tonnes per capita)

| (Tollies per capita) | | | |
|---------------------------------|------|------|-------|
| (| 2000 | 2005 | 2010 |
| World | 8.00 | 9.10 | 10.10 |
| Developing regions | 4.86 | 5.84 | 7.83 |
| Northern Africa | 4.04 | 4.03 | 4.93 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 2.21 | 2.42 | 2.45 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 8.85 | 8.87 | 10.32 |
| Eastern Asia | 6.70 | 9.46 | 15.33 |
| Southern Asia | 2.61 | 3.03 | 3.68 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 4.36 | 5.24 | 6.50 |
| Western Asia | 8.37 | 9.11 | 10.26 |
| Oceania | 4.02 | 4.14 | 4.33 |
| | | | |

| | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 |
|---------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|
| Caucasus and Central Asia | 5.89 | 7.34 | 8.60 |
| Developed regions | 20.97 | 23.20 | 20.44 |
| Least developed countries | 1.36 | 1.59 | 1.81 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 2.59 | 3.00 | 3.48 |
| Small island developing States | 13.18 | 12.08 | 13.01 |

^a Material footprint (MF) is the attribution of global material extraction to domestic final demand of a country. It is calculated as raw material equivalent of imports plus domestic extraction minus raw material equivalents of exports.

Indicator 12.2.2

Domestic material consumption, domestic material consumption per capita, and domestic material consumption per GDP^a

(a) Total domestic material consumption

(Millions of tonnes)

| | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 |
|---------------------------------|----------|----------|----------|
| World | 48 912.5 | 60 231.4 | 71 274.5 |
| Developing regions | 28 178.5 | 38 345.4 | 52 247.1 |
| Northern Africa | 864.9 | 1 010.3 | 1 409.8 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 2 333.0 | 4 126.0 | 4 628.2 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 5 107.3 | 5 731.2 | 6 878.9 |
| Eastern Asia | 10 234.2 | 15 780.2 | 24 675.5 |
| Southern Asia | 4 465.9 | 5 423.4 | 6 944.1 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 2 928.4 | 3 487.1 | 4 114.4 |
| Western Asia | 1 463.4 | 1 855.2 | 2 507.7 |
| Oceania | 85.8 | 84.2 | 74.3 |
| Caucasus and Central Asia | 577.4 | 742.1 | 894.1 |
| Developed regions | 20 852.2 | 21 991.8 | 19 147.4 |
| Least developed countries | 1 580.8 | 3 369.1 | 3 848.8 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 1 424.0 | 1 758.3 | 2 195.1 |
| Small island developing States | 824.2 | 479.9 | 552.7 |

(b) Domestic material consumption per unit of GDP

| | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 |
|---------------------------------|------|------|------|
| World | 1.2 | 1.3 | 1.3 |
| Developing regions | 3.3 | 3.4 | 3.3 |
| Northern Africa | 3.2 | 3.0 | 3.3 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 4.0 | 4.0 | 3.0 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 |

| 2000 | 2005 | 2010 |
|------|---|---|
| 4.4 | 4.6 | 4.7 |
| 4.8 | 4.3 | 3.8 |
| 4.1 | 3.8 | 3.4 |
| 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.6 |
| 4.3 | 3.7 | 2.9 |
| 7.7 | 6.4 | 5.2 |
| 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.5 |
| 6.5 | 5.8 | 4.1 |
| 8.3 | 7.4 | 6.5 |
| 2.6 | 1.3 | 1.2 |
| | 4.4 4.8 4.1 1.4 4.3 7.7 0.6 6.5 8.3 | 4.4 4.6 4.8 4.3 4.1 3.8 1.4 1.4 4.3 3.7 7.7 6.4 0.6 0.6 6.5 5.8 8.3 7.4 |

(c) Domestic material consumption per capita

| | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 |
|---------------------------------|------|------|------|
| World | 8.0 | 9.0 | 10.1 |
| Developing regions | 5.7 | 6.9 | 8.9 |
| Northern Africa | 6.1 | 6.7 | 8.6 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 3.4 | 3.5 | 3.6 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 9.7 | 10.2 | 11.6 |
| Eastern Asia | 7.4 | 11.2 | 17.0 |
| Southern Asia | 3.1 | 3.5 | 4.1 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 5.6 | 6.2 | 6.9 |
| Western Asia | 9.1 | 10.3 | 12.2 |
| Oceania | 10.7 | 9.4 | 7.7 |
| Caucasus and Central Asia | 8.2 | 10.1 | 11.5 |
| Developed regions | 17.5 | 18.0 | 15.3 |
| Least developed countries | 2.3 | 2.6 | 2.8 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 4.2 | 4.6 | 5.1 |
| Small island developing States | 14.9 | 8.1 | 8.8 |

^a Domestic material consumption (DMC) measures the total amount of materials used by an economy. It is defined as the annual quantity of raw materials extracted from the domestic territory, plus all physical imports and minus all physical exports. It includes intermediate and final consumption until released to the environment.

Target 12.4

By 2020, achieve the environmentally sound management of chemicals and all wastes throughout their life cycle, in accordance with agreed international frameworks, and significantly reduce their release to air, water and soil in order to minimize their adverse impacts on human health and the environment

Indicator 12.4.1

(a) Number of parties to international multilateral environmental agreements on hazardous waste, and other chemicals that meet their commitments and obligations in transmitting information as required by each relevant agreement^a

| | 2016 |
|-------------------------------------|------|
| Parties to the Basel Convention | 183 |
| Parties to the Rotterdam Convention | 155 |
| Parties to the Stockholm Convention | 180 |
| | |

^a Reports under the Stockholm Convention are to be submitted every 4 years. Reports under the Basel Convention are to be submitted annually. Under the Rotterdam Convention, there is no obligation to submit a national report.

(b) Proportion of parties to international multilateral environmental agreements on hazardous waste, and other chemicals that meet their commitments and obligations in transmitting information as required by each relevant agreement^a

(Percentage)

| | One co | nvention | Two con | ventions | All three cor | iventions |
|------------------------------------|--------|----------|---------|----------|---------------|-----------|
| | 2005 | 2015 | 2005 | 2015 | 2005 | 2015 |
| World | 26.4 | 8.3 | 26.9 | 13.0 | 38.3 | 77.7 |
| Developing regions | 30.1 | 9.8 | 26.6 | 14.0 | 33.6 | 75.5 |
| Northern Africa | 20.0 | 0.0 | 60.0 | 60.0 | 20.0 | 40.0 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 25.0 | 4.2 | 16.7 | 8.3 | 45.8 | 87.5 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 28.1 | 0.0 | 34.4 | 9.4 | 34.4 | 87.5 |
| Eastern Asia | 0.0 | 0.0 | 50.0 | 0.0 | 50.0 | 100.0 |
| Southern Asia | 55.6 | 11.1 | 22.2 | 11.1 | 11.1 | 77.8 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 40.0 | 10.0 | 30.0 | 20.0 | 20.0 | 70.0 |
| Western Asia | 23.1 | 15.4 | 23.1 | 7.7 | 38.5 | 76.9 |
| Oceania | 35.7 | 35.7 | 28.6 | 35.7 | 21.4 | 28.6 |
| Caucasus and Central Asia | 50.0 | 37.5 | 25.0 | 12.5 | 12.5 | 50.0 |
| Developed regions | 16.0 | 4.0 | 28.0 | 10.0 | 52.0 | 84.0 |

^a Basil, Rotterdam and Stockholm Conventions

Goal 14

Conserve and sustainably use the oceans, seas and marine resources for sustainable development

Target 14.4

By 2020, effectively regulate harvesting and end overfishing, illegal, unreported and unregulated fishing and destructive fishing practices and implement science-based management plans, in order to restore fish stocks in the shortest time feasible, at least to levels that can produce maximum sustainable yield as determined by their biological characteristics

Indicator 14.4.1

Proportion of fish stocks within biologically sustainable levels

(Percentage)

| | 2000 | 2006 | 2009 | 2013 |
|-------|------|------|------|------|
| World | 72.6 | 72.0 | 70.1 | 68.6 |

Note: Within biologically sustainable levels means that the abundance of fish stock is at or higher than the level that can produce the maximum sustainable yield.

Target 14.5

By 2020, conserve at least 10 per cent of coastal and marine areas, consistent with national and international law and based on the best available scientific information

Indicator 14.5.1

Coverage of protected areas in relation to marine areas^{*a,b*} (Percentage)

| | 2000 | 2014 |
|---------------------------------|------|------|
| World ^c | 1.9 | 8.4 |
| Developing regions | 0.6 | 4.2 |
| Northern Africa | 0.5 | 0.9 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 0.2 | 2.6 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 1.6 | 3.1 |
| Eastern Asia | 0.5 | 0.9 |
| Eastern Asia excluding China | 0.6 | 0.8 |
| Southern Asia | 0.2 | 0.2 |
| Southern Asia excluding India | 0.2 | 0.3 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 0.6 | 2.3 |
| Western Asia | 0.4 | 0.8 |
| Oceania | 0.1 | 7.4 |
| Caucasus and Central Asia | 0.7 | 0.7 |
| Developed regions | 4.2 | 12.4 |

| | 2000 | 2014 |
|--|------|------|
| Least developed countries | 0.2 | 0.5 |
| Landlocked developing countries ^d | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Small island developing States | 0.2 | 1.5 |

^a Protected areas whose year of establishment is unknown are included in all years.

^b Marine areas include marine protected areas in sea areas under national jurisdiction (0-200 nautical miles).

 c Including territories that are not considered in the calculations of developed and developing region aggregates.

^d Excluding territorial water claims within inland seas by some landlocked developing countries.

Goal 15

Protect, restore and promote sustainable use of terrestrial ecosystems, sustainably manage forests, combat desertification, and halt and reverse land degradation and halt biodiversity loss

Target 15.1

By 2020, ensure the conservation, restoration and sustainable use of terrestrial and inland freshwater ecosystems and their services, in particular forests, wetlands, mountains and drylands, in line with obligations under international agreements

Indicator 15.1.1

Forest area as a proportion of total land area

(Percentage)

| | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 |
|---------------------------------|------|------|------|------|
| World | 31.1 | 30.9 | 30.8 | 30.7 |
| Developing regions | 27.5 | 27.2 | 26.9 | 26.6 |
| Northern Africa | 1.4 | 1.5 | 1.6 | 1.6 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 27.7 | 27.1 | 26.3 | 25.8 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 49.0 | 47.9 | 47.0 | 46.4 |
| Eastern Asia | 18.0 | 19.4 | 20.1 | 20.7 |
| Southern Asia | 13.3 | 13.8 | 14.1 | 14.2 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 52.0 | 51.1 | 50.5 | 49.6 |
| Western Asia | 2.9 | 3.1 | 3.2 | 3.3 |
| Oceania | 71.5 | 71.5 | 70.1 | 70.1 |
| Caucasus and Central Asia | 3.9 | 3.9 | 3.9 | 3.9 |
| Developed regions | 37.0 | 37.1 | 37.2 | 37.3 |
| Least developed countries | 28.8 | 28.1 | 27.5 | 26.9 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 17.1 | 16.6 | 16.2 | 15.7 |
| Small island developing States | 67.8 | 68.0 | 67.6 | 67.8 |

Indicator 15.1.2

Proportion of important sites for terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity that are covered by protected areas, by ecosystem type

(a) Proportion of important sites for terrestrial biodiversity that are covered by protected areas^a

| (Percentage) | | | | |
|---------------------------------|------|------|------|------|
| | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2016 |
| World | 16.5 | 18.2 | 19.1 | 19.3 |
| Developing regions | 13.6 | 14.6 | 15.4 | 15.7 |
| Northern Africa | 8.5 | 12.0 | 12.0 | 15.0 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 23.8 | 25.4 | 26.1 | 26.4 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 13.2 | 14.4 | 15.3 | 15.6 |
| Eastern Asia | 25.8 | 26.3 | 26.6 | 26.6 |
| Southern Asia | 9.3 | 9.3 | 9.4 | 9.6 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 11.1 | 12.1 | 12.6 | 12.7 |
| Western Asia | 3.4 | 3.8 | 4.6 | 4.6 |
| Oceania | 4.6 | 5.4 | 11.3 | 11.3 |
| Caucasus and Central Asia | 3.4 | 3.7 | 4.3 | 4.3 |
| Developed regions | 20.2 | 22.5 | 23.6 | 23.8 |
| Least developed countries | 16.5 | 18.1 | 19.0 | 19.2 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 13.8 | 14.9 | 15.2 | 15.2 |
| Small island developing States | 6.2 | 7.2 | 9.7 | 9.8 |

(b) Proportion of important sites for freshwater biodiversity that are covered by protected areas^b

(Percentage)

| (· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2016 |
|---|------|------|------|------|
| | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2010 |
| World | 13.8 | 15.6 | 16.4 | 16.6 |
| Developing regions | 11.2 | 12.6 | 13.3 | 13.8 |
| Northern Africa | 9.1 | 16.4 | 16.4 | 25.5 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 19.7 | 23.3 | 24.2 | 24.2 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 10.7 | 10.7 | 14.5 | 16.0 |
| Eastern Asia | 17.0 | 17.4 | 17.4 | 17.4 |
| Southern Asia | 9.0 | 9.0 | 9.0 | 9.0 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 13.0 | 13.9 | 13.9 | 13.9 |
| Western Asia | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 |
| Oceania | - | - | - | - |
| Caucasus and Central Asia | 2.1 | 2.6 | 3.7 | 3.7 |
| Developed regions | 15.9 | 18.2 | 19.1 | 19.1 |

| | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2016 |
|---------------------------------|------|------|------|------|
| | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2016 |
| Least developed countries | 13.4 | 15.1 | 15.9 | 16.2 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 9.6 | 11.6 | 12.1 | 12.1 |
| Small island developing States | 14.3 | 14.3 | 14.3 | 14.3 |

^a The percentage of sites contributing significantly to the global persistence of terrestrial biodiversity that are wholly

^b The percentage of sites contributing significantly to the global persistence of freshwater biodiversity that are wholly covered by designated protected areas.

Target 15.4

By 2030, ensure the conservation of mountain ecosystems, including their biodiversity, in order to enhance their capacity to provide benefits that are essential for sustainable development

Indicator 15.4.1

Coverage by protected areas of important sites for mountain biodiversity^a

| (Percentage) | | | | |
|---------------------------------|------|------|------|------|
| | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2016 |
| World | 18.1 | 19.0 | 19.8 | 20.1 |
| Developing regions | 16.1 | 17.0 | 17.6 | 18.0 |
| Northern Africa | 4.8 | 7.2 | 7.2 | 10.8 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 21.9 | 22.5 | 23.2 | 23.7 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 14.5 | 15.7 | 16.5 | 17.0 |
| Eastern Asia | 42.0 | 42.3 | 42.3 | 42.3 |
| Southern Asia | 12.2 | 12.2 | 12.2 | 12.8 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 13.1 | 14.7 | 15.1 | 15.1 |
| Western Asia | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3.5 |
| Oceania | 10.1 | 10.1 | 17.4 | 17.4 |
| Caucasus and Central Asia | 6.4 | 6.4 | 6.4 | 6.4 |
| Developed regions | 23.2 | 24.0 | 25.4 | 25.4 |
| Least developed countries | 18.4 | 19.6 | 19.8 | 20.2 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 14.7 | 14.7 | 14.7 | 14.7 |
| Small island developing States | 10.6 | 10.6 | 14.1 | 14.1 |

^a The percentage of sites contributing significantly to the global persistence of mountain biodiversity that are wholly covered by designated protected areas.

Target 15.5

Take urgent and significant action to reduce the degradation of natural habitats, halt the loss of biodiversity and, by 2020, protect and prevent the extinction of threatened species

Indicator 15.5.1 **Red List Index**^{*a*,*b*}

| | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2016 |
|---------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| World | 0.80 | 0.78 | 0.77 | 0.74 |
| | (0.80:0.81) | (0.78:0.79) | (0.75:0.77) | (0.72:0.77) |
| Developing regions | 0.79 | 0.77 | 0.75 | 0.73 |
| | (0.78:0.79) | (0.76:0.78) | (0.74:0.76) | (0.70:0.75) |
| Northern Africa | 0.91 | 0.89 | 0.88 | 0.86 |
| | (0.90:0.91) | (0.89:0.90) | (0.87:0.89) | (0.84:0.89) |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 0.81 | 0.79 | 0.77 | 0.75 |
| | (0.80:0.81) | (0.78:0.80) | (0.76:0.78) | (0.73:0.77) |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 0.78 | 0.77 | 0.76 | 0.74 |
| | (0.77:0.78) | (0.76:0.77) | (0.75:0.76) | (0.73:0.75) |
| Eastern Asia | 0.81 | 0.79 | 0.77 | 0.75 |
| | (0.80:0.82) | (0.78:0.80) | (0.76:0.78) | (0.72:0.77) |
| Southern Asia | 0.75 | 0.72 | 0.70 | 0.68 |
| | (0.74:0.76) | (0.71:0.73) | (0.69:0.72) | (0.65:0.71) |
| South-Eastern Asia | 0.80 | 0.78 | 0.75 | 0.72 |
| | (0.79:0.81) | (0.77:0.79) | (0.74:0.76) | (0.69:0.75) |
| Western Asia | 0.87 | 0.85 | 0.84 | 0.82 |
| | (0.86:0.87) | (0.84:0.86) | (0.83:0.85) | (0.79:0.84) |
| Oceania | 0.86 | 0.84 | 0.82 | 0.80 |
| | (0.85:0.87) | (0.83:0.85) | (0.81:0.83) | (0.77:0.82) |
| Caucasus and Central Asia | 0.91 | 0.91 | 0.91 | 0.91 |
| | (0.89:0.92) | (0.89:0.92) | (0.88:0.92) | (0.87:0.93) |
| Developed regions | 0.87 | 0.85 | 0.84 | 0.82 |
| | (0.86:0.87) | (0.85:0.86) | (0.83:0.84) | (0.80:0.84) |
| Least developed countries | 0.83 | 0.81 | 0.79 | 0.77 |
| | (0.82:0.83) | (0.80:0.81) | (0.78:0.80) | (0.74:0.79) |
| Landlocked developing countries | 0.81 | 0.80 | 0.80 | 0.79 |
| | (0.81:0.81) | (0.80:0.81) | (0.80:0.80) | (0.79:0.80) |
| Small island developing States | 0.77 | 0.76 | 0.74 | 0.72 |
| | (0.77:0.78) | (0.75:0.76) | (0.73:0.75) | (0.69:0.74) |

^a The Red List Index for each region represents an index of aggregate survival probability (the inverse of extinction risk) for all birds, mammals, amphibians, corals and cycads occurring within the region, weighted by the fraction of each species' distribution occurring within the region. It shows how adequately species are conserved or not in the region relative to its potential contribution to global species conservation.

Target 15.a Mobilize and significantly increase financial resources from all sources to conserve and sustainably use biodiversity and ecosystems

Indicator 15.a.1

Official development assistance and public expenditure on conservation and sustainable use of biodiversity and ecosystems

Annual total official development assistance for biodiversity

(Billions of current United States dollars)

| | 2005 | 2010 | 2014 |
|---------------------------------|------|------|------|
| All developing countries | 2.44 | 5.61 | 6.96 |
| Least developed countries | 0.29 | 1.41 | 1.58 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 0.14 | 1.03 | 0.94 |
| Small island developing States | 0.08 | 0.59 | 0.26 |

Goal 16

Promote peaceful and inclusive societies for sustainable development, provide access to justice for all and build effective, accountable and inclusive institutions at all levels

Target 16.1

Significantly reduce all forms of violence and related death rates everywhere

Indicator 16.1.1

Number of victims of intentional homicide per 100,000 population, by sex and age^a

(Number of victims per 100,000 population)

| | 2014 ^b |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|
| World | 5.3 (4.6:6.8) |
| Developing regions | 5.9 (5.1:7.5) |
| Northern Africa | 2.4 (2.4:4.1) |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 9.5 (6.2:10.9) |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 22.5 (20.7:28.4) |
| Eastern Asia | 0.9 (0.9:1.25) |
| Southern Asia | 3.7 (3.7:4.5) |
| South-Eastern Asia | 2.9 (2.8:5.7) |
| Western Asia | 5.0 (3.5:6.8) |

| | 2014 ^b |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|
| Oceania | 8.2 (8.1:9.0) |
| Caucasus and Central Asia | 3.9 (3.7:4.7) |
| Developed regions | 2.7 (2.7:3.8) |
| Least developed countries | 6.3 (4.5:7.4) |
| Landlocked developing countries | 6.8 (5.9:8.2) |
| Small island developing States | 11.3 (11.1:16.1) |

^a Lower and upper bounds in parentheses. ^b Data are for 2014 or latest available year.

Target 16.2 End abuse, exploitation, trafficking and all forms of violence against and torture of children

Indicator 16.2.1

Proportion of children aged 1-17^a years who experienced any physical punishment and/or psychological aggression by caregivers in the past month^b (Percentage)

| | 2005-2015 ^c |
|---|------------------------|
| World (73 countries, 24 per cent population coverage) | 81.3 |
| Developing regions | - |
| Northern Africa (4 countries, 97 per cent population coverage) | 91.2 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa (23 countries, 51 per cent population coverage) | 84.4 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean (15 countries, 16 per cent population coverage) | 66.6 |
| Eastern Asia (1 country, .32 per cent population coverage) | 46.9 |
| Southern Asia (3 countries, 13 per cent population coverage) | 80.6 |
| South-Eastern Asia (2 countries, 14 per cent population coverage) | 69.1 |
| Western Asia (7 countries, 54 per cent population coverage) | 82.0 |
| Oceania (4 countries, 17 per cent population coverage) | 74.4 |
| Caucasus and Central Asia (6 countries, 56 per cent population coverage) | 63.3 |
| Developed regions (8 countries, 6 per cent population coverage) | 60.9 |
| Least developed countries (25 countries, 50 per cent population coverage) | 79.8 |
| Landlocked developing countries (18 countries, 43 per cent population coverage) | 75.2 |
| Small island developing States (16 countries, 67 per cent population coverage) | 69.5 |

^a Data are for children aged 1 to 14 years
^b The number of countries used to calculate the reginal values and the population coverages are presented in parentheses.
^c Based on DHS, MICS and other nationally representative surveys conducted between 2005 and 2015.

Indicator 16.2.3 Proportion of young women and men aged 18-29 years who experienced sexual violence by age 18

| | $2005-2014^{a}$ | | |
|---------------------------------|-----------------|-----|--|
| | Women | Men | |
| World | 3.0 | 2.1 | |
| Developing regions | - | - | |
| Northern Africa | - | - | |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 7.3 | 2.1 | |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 3.1 | - | |
| Eastern Asia | - | - | |
| Southern Asia | 1.3 | - | |
| South-Eastern Asia | 2.6 | - | |
| Western Asia | - | - | |
| Oceania | - | - | |
| Caucasus and Central Asia | 0.1 | - | |
| Developed regions | 2.2 | - | |
| Least developed countries | 7.3 | 1.7 | |
| Landlocked developing countries | 5.7 | 2.3 | |
| Small island developing States | 2.8 | - | |

^a Data are based on DHS conducted between 2005 and 2014 from 34 countries for women and 5 countries for men.

Target 16.3

(Percentage)

Promote the rule of law at the national and international levels and ensure equal access to justice for all

Indicator 16.3.2

Unsentenced detainees as a proportion of overall prison population^{*a*} (Percentage)

| | 2003-2005 ^b | 2012-2014 ^b |
|---------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| World | 32 | 30 |
| Developing regions | 49 | 42 |
| Northern Africa | 45 | 31 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 46 | 40 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 43 | 43 |
| Eastern Asia | 29 | 29 |
| Southern Asia | 75 | 64 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 42 | 32 |
| Western Asia | 54 | 23 |
| Oceania | 35 | 33 |
| Caucasus and Central Asia | 18 | 16 |

| | 2003-2005 ^b | 2012-2014 ^b |
|---------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| Developed regions | 21 | 19 |
| Least developed countries | 54 | 46 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 32 | 34 |
| Small island developing States | 33 | 39 |

^a Figures are the population-weighted averages.

^b Figures are the averages for 3 years (2003-2005 and 2012-2014).

Target 16.5 Substantially reduce corruption and bribery in all their forms

Indicator 16.5.2

Proportion of businesses that had at least one contact with a public official and that paid a bribe to a public official, or were asked for a bribe by those public officials during the previous 12 months

Proportion of firms experiencing at least one bribe payment request^a **(a)** (Percentage)

| | 2007-2015 ^b |
|---------------------------------|------------------------|
| World | 18.7 |
| Developing regions | 20.5 |
| Northern Africa | 20.9 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 23.5 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 9.5 |
| Eastern Asia | 22.5 |
| Southern Asia | 24.8 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 35.4 |
| Western Asia | 30.8 |
| Oceania | 16.5 |
| Caucasus and Central Asia | 22.1 |
| Developed regions | 10.1 |

Regional averages are computed by taking a simple average of country-level point estimates. For each country, only the latest available year of survey data is used in this computation. ^b The latest available years for countries included in this calculation lie between 2007 and 2015.

Target 16.8 Broaden and strengthen the participation of developing countries in the institutions of global governance

Indicator 16.8.1 Proportion of members and voting rights of developing countries in international organizations^a

(a) **Proportion of members of developing countries in international organizations** (Percentage)

| | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 |
|---|------|------|------|-----------------|
| African Development Bank | 78 | 78 | 78 | 77 ^b |
| Asian Development Bank | 69 | 69 | 69 | 69 |
| Financial Stability Board | - | - | 50 | 50 |
| Inter-American Development Bank | 59 | 60 | 60 | 60 |
| International Bank for Reconstruction and Development | 75 | 75 | 74 | 74 |
| International Finance Corporation | 75 | 75 | 74 | 74 |
| International Monetary Fund | 75 | 75 | 74 | 74 |
| UN Economic and Social Council | 63 | 69 | 65 | 65 |
| UN General Assembly | 75 | 74 | 74 | 74 |
| UN Security Council | 53 | 47 | 53 | 53 |
| World Trade Organisation | 72 | 71 | 71 | 71 |

(b) Proportion of voting rights of developing countries in international organizations

(Percentage)

| | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 |
|---|------|------|------|-----------------|
| African Development Bank | 63 | 63 | 64 | 63 ^b |
| Asian Development Bank | 58 | 58 | 54 | 58 |
| Financial Stability Board | - | - | 38 | 44 |
| Inter-American Development Bank | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 |
| International Bank for Reconstruction and Development | 38 | 38 | 38 | 38 |
| International Finance Corporation | 30 | 30 | 30 | 32 |
| International Monetary Fund | 31 | 32 | 33 | 35 |
| UN Economic and Social Council | 63 | 69 | 65 | 65 |
| UN General Assembly | 75 | 74 | 74 | 74 |
| UN Security Council | 53 | 47 | 53 | 53 |
| World Trade Organisation | 72 | 71 | 71 | 71 |

^a There is no established convention for the designation of "developed" and "developing" countries or areas in the United Nations system. In common practice, Japan in Asia, Canada and the United States in northern America, Australia and New Zealand in Oceania, and Europe are considered "developed" regions or areas. Until a definition of developing countries is agreed, the SDG indicators will provisionally aggregate all countries located in "developing regions" for the purposes of monitoring indicators related to "developing countries". ^b Data for 2014.

Target 16.a

Strengthen relevant national institutions, including through international cooperation, for building capacity at all levels, in particular in developing countries, to prevent violence and combat terrorism and crime

Indicator 16.a.1

Existence of independent national human rights institutions in compliance with the Paris Principles

(a) Proportion of countries with independent National Human Rights Institutions in compliance with the Paris Principles (Percentage)

| | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 ^a |
|---------------------------------|------|------|------|-------------------|
| World | 16.2 | 27.9 | 32.9 | 35.5 |
| Developing regions | 15.1 | 26.7 | 30.8 | 32.2 |
| Northern Africa | 40.0 | 40.0 | 40.0 | 40.0 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 18.4 | 34.7 | 26.5 | 32.7 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 23.5 | 32.4 | 41.2 | 41.2 |
| Eastern Asia | 0.0 | 40.0 | 40.0 | 40.0 |
| Southern Asia | 11.1 | 22.2 | 33.3 | 33.3 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 18.2 | 36.4 | 45.5 | 36.4 |
| Western Asia | 0.0 | 7.7 | 23.1 | 23.1 |
| Oceania | 8.3 | 8.3 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Caucasus and Central Asia | 0.0 | 0.0 | 37.5 | 37.5 |
| Developed regions | 18.0 | 30.0 | 40.0 | 46.0 |
| Least developed countries | 12.5 | 22.9 | 20.8 | 27.1 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 12.5 | 31.3 | 34.4 | 34.4 |
| Small island developing States | 2.6 | 5.3 | 5.3 | 7.9 |

(b) Proportion of countries that applied for accreditation as independent National Human Rights Institutions in compliance with the Paris Principles (Percentage)

| (rereentage) | | | | |
|--------------------|------|------|------|-------------------|
| | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 ^a |
| World | 21.3 | 35.5 | 45.2 | 54.3 |
| Developing regions | 17.8 | 32.2 | 41.8 | 50.0 |
| Northern Africa | 40.0 | 40.0 | 80.0 | 100.0 |

| | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 ^a |
|---------------------------------|------|------|------|-------------------|
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 18.4 | 38.8 | 40.8 | 46.9 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 26.5 | 41.2 | 50.0 | 52.9 |
| Eastern Asia | 20.0 | 60.0 | 60.0 | 60.0 |
| Southern Asia | 33.3 | 44.4 | 66.7 | 77.8 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 18.2 | 36.4 | 45.5 | 54.5 |
| Western Asia | 0.0 | 7.7 | 23.1 | 38.5 |
| Oceania | 8.3 | 8.3 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Caucasus and Central Asia | 0.0 | 0.0 | 37.5 | 75.0 |
| Developed regions | 30.0 | 44.0 | 56.0 | 68.0 |
| Least developed countries | 12.5 | 27.1 | 31.3 | 43.8 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 12.5 | 34.4 | 43.8 | 59.4 |
| Small island developing States | 2.6 | 10.5 | 15.8 | 18.4 |

^a Based on the accreditation status as of January 2016.

Goal 17 Strengthen the means of implementation and revitalize the Global Partnership for Sustainable Development

Target 17.2

Developed countries to implement fully their official development assistance commitments, including the commitment by many developed countries to achieve the target of 0.7 per cent of gross national income for official development assistance (ODA/GNI) to developing countries and 0.15 to 0.20 per cent of ODA/GNI to least developed countries; ODA providers are encouraged to consider setting a target to provide at least 0.20 per cent of ODA/GNI to least developed countries

Indicator 17.2.1

Net official development assistance, total and to least developed countries, as a proportion of the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) Development Assistance Committee donors' gross national income (GNI)

(a) Annual total net official development assistance^a from DAC members (Billions of constant 2014 United States dollars)

| | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 ^b |
|--|-------|--------|-------|-------------------|
| All developing countries | 80.35 | 128.30 | 134.5 | 146.68 |
| Least developed countries ^c | 21.38 | 31.03 | 45.70 | 40.96 |

| | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 ^b |
|--|-------|-------|-------|-------------------|
| Landlocked developing countries ^c | 12.37 | 17.65 | 24.39 | 24.00 |
| Small island developing States ^c | 3.30 | 3.30 | 6.95 | 3.80 |

(b) Share of OECD/DAC donors' gross national income

(Percentage)

| (rereentuge) | | | | |
|--|------|------|------|-------------------|
| | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 ^b |
| All developing countries | 0.22 | 0.32 | 0.31 | 0.30 |
| Least developed countries ^c | 0.06 | 0.08 | 0.11 | 0.09 |
| Landlocked developing countries ^c | 0.03 | 0.04 | 0.06 | 0.05 |
| Small island developing States ^c | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.02 | 0.01 |

^a Including non-ODA debt forgiveness but excluding forgiveness of debt for military purposes.

^b 2015 Preliminary data for total ODA and 2014 for LDCs, Landlocked countries and SIDS.

^c Including imputed multilateral.

Target 17.3 Mobilize additional financial resources for developing countries from multiple sources

Indicator 17.3.2

Volume of remittances (in United States dollars) as a proportion of total GDP^a (Percentage)

| | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2012 |
|---------------------------------|------------------|------|------|------|
| World | 0.4 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.7 |
| Developing regions | 1.3 | 1.6 | 1.4 | 1.3 |
| Northern Africa | 2.6 | 3.4 | 4.1 | 4.3 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 1.5 | 3.3 | 2.3 | 2.3 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 1.0 | 1.8 | 1.1 | 1.1 |
| Eastern Asia | 0.5 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 |
| Southern Asia | 2.4 | 2.8 | 3.2 | 4.5 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 2.3 | 3.1 | 2.5 | 2.4 |
| Western Asia | - | 1.2 | 0.9 | 0.7 |
| Oceania | 4.2 ^b | 4.1 | 3.0 | 2.3 |
| Caucasus and Central Asia | 1.6 ^b | 3.3 | 3.5 | 3.7 |
| Developed regions | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.3 |
| Least developed countries | 4.1 | 4.8 | 4.4 | 4.9 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 2.3 | 3.8 | 3.7 | 3.7 |
| Small island developing States | - | - | - | 7.2 |

^a Excludes high income countries.

^b Data for Oceania and Caucasus and Central Asia are for 2001.

Target 17.4

Assist developing countries in attaining long-term debt sustainability through coordinated policies aimed at fostering debt financing, debt relief and debt restructuring, as appropriate, and address the external debt of highly indebted poor countries to reduce debt distress

Indicator 17.4.1

Debt service as a proportion of exports of goods and services^a

| | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2012 |
|---------------------------------|------|------|------|------|
| World | - | - | - | - |
| Developing regions | 11.7 | 7.7 | 2.9 | 2.6 |
| Northern Africa | 15.0 | 10.4 | 4.4 | 4.4 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 9.2 | 8.8 | 2.4 | 3.8 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 19.8 | 17.0 | 6.5 | 6.5 |
| Eastern Asia | 4.9 | 1.1 | 0.6 | 0.4 |
| Southern Asia | 15.4 | 9.3 | 2.8 | 4.4 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 6.4 | 5.4 | 3.1 | 2.3 |
| Western Asia | 18.6 | 16.9 | 8.0 | 5.7 |
| Oceania | 6.0 | 4.2 | 1.5 | 1.5 |
| Caucasus and Central Asia | 8.6 | 3.7 | 1.1 | 2.1 |
| Developed regions | - | - | - | - |
| Least developed countries | 12.8 | 7.1 | 3.4 | 5.4 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 8.5 | 4.5 | 1.7 | 3.0 |
| Small island developing States | 9.4 | 9.6 | 6.1 | 7.0 |

^a Excludes high income countries.

Target 17.6

Enhance North-South, South-South and triangular regional and international cooperation on and access to science, technology and innovation and enhance knowledge-sharing on mutually agreed terms, including through improved coordination among existing mechanisms, in particular at the United Nations level, and through a global technology facilitation mechanism

Indicator 17.6.2 Fixed Internet broadband subscriptions per 100 inhabitants, by speed

| Fixed Internet broadband Subscriptions per 100 inhabitants | | | | | |
|--|------|------|--|--|--|
| | 2010 | 2014 | | | |
| World | 7.6 | 10.5 | | | |

| | 2010 | 2014 |
|---------------------------------|------|------|
| Developing regions | 4.1 | 6.7 |
| Northern Africa | 2.1 | 3.6 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 0.2 | 0.4 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 6.3 | 9.8 |
| Eastern Asia | 10.3 | 15.3 |
| Eastern Asia excluding China | 23.3 | 27.0 |
| Southern Asia | 0.8 | 1.7 |
| Southern Asia excluding India | 0.5 | 2.7 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 2.4 | 6.8 |
| Western Asia | 5.0 | 9.1 |
| Oceania | 1.1 | 1.5 |
| Caucasus and Central Asia | 2.2 | 6.9 |
| Developed regions | 23.5 | 28.4 |
| Least developed countries | 0.1 | 0.6 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 0.6 | 1.7 |
| Small island developing States | 4.7 | 5.9 |

Target 17.8

Fully operationalize the technology bank and science, technology and innovation capacity-building mechanism for least developed countries by 2017 and enhance the use of enabling technology, in particular information and communications technology

Indicator 17.8.1

Proportion of individuals using the Internet

| (Percentage) | |
|--------------|--|
| | |

| | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2014 |
|---------------------------------|------|------|------|------|
| World | 6.6 | 15.8 | 29.2 | 40.1 |
| Developing regions | 2.1 | 7.7 | 20.9 | 32.5 |
| Northern Africa | 0.7 | 11.1 | 26.1 | 36.5 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 0.5 | 2.1 | 9.9 | 19.3 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 3.9 | 16.6 | 34.7 | 48.6 |
| Eastern Asia | 3.7 | 11.6 | 36.1 | 50.3 |
| Eastern Asia excluding China | 28.6 | 50.2 | 59.0 | 62.7 |
| Southern Asia | 0.5 | 2.8 | 7.6 | 17.6 |
| Southern Asia excluding India | 0.3 | 3.8 | 7.8 | 16.7 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 2.4 | 8.7 | 18.8 | 29.2 |
| Western Asia | 3.1 | 10.8 | 30.8 | 45.0 |
| Oceania | 1.8 | 4.8 | 7.2 | 17.1 |
| Caucasus and Central Asia | 0.5 | 4.1 | 23.8 | 47.7 |

| | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2014 |
|---------------------------------|------|------|------|------|
| Developed regions | 25.1 | 50.8 | 66.5 | 76.1 |
| Least developed countries | 0.1 | 0.8 | 4.4 | 9.1 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 0.3 | 2.2 | 9.1 | 17.0 |
| Small island developing States | 5.2 | 14.3 | 24.1 | 35.9 |

Target 17.9

Enhance international support for implementing effective and targeted capacity-building in developing countries to support national plans to implement all the Sustainable Development Goals, including through North-South, South-South and triangular cooperation

Indicator 17.9.1

Dollar value of financial and technical assistance (including through North-South, South-South and triangular cooperation) disbursed to developing countries

(Billions of constant 2014 United States dollars)

| | 2000 ^a | 2005 | 2010 | 2014 |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|-------|-------|-------|
| All developing countries | 22.38 | 19.82 | 35.36 | 34.70 |
| Least developed countries | 3.84 | 4.42 | 6.50 | 6.24 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 3.45 | 2.74 | 4.92 | 4.66 |
| Small island developing States | 1.37 | 0.79 | 1.44 | 1.14 |

^a 2000 is a proxy based on commitments instead of disbursements.

Target 17.10

Promote a universal, rules-based, open, non-discriminatory and equitable multilateral trading system under the World Trade Organization, including through the conclusion of negotiations under its Doha Development Agenda

Indicator 17.10.1 Worldwide weighted tariff-average

(a) Worldwide weighted tariff-average of all products

| (Percentage) | | | | | | |
|--------------------|------|------------|------|------|-----------|------|
| | Pre | ferentialª | | | MFN^{b} | |
| | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 |
| Developing regions | 5.2 | 4.6 | 4.3 | 6.7 | 6.0 | 6.2 |
| Northern Africa | 12.1 | 9.6 | 6.4 | 14.7 | 11.8 | 11.2 |

| | Preferential ^a | | MFN^b | | | |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------|------|---------|------|------|------|
| | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 7.9 | 7.9 | 6.9 | 9.2 | 8.9 | 8.1 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 5.0 | 5.2 | 4.1 | 10.8 | 10.8 | 7.3 |
| Eastern Asia | 4.2 | 3.9 | 4.1 | 4.3 | 4.3 | 5.9 |
| Southern Asia | 14.1 | 7.8 | 8.6 | 14.2 | 8.0 | 8.9 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 2.9 | 2.5 | 2.0 | 3.7 | 3.8 | 3.9 |
| Western Asia | 5.1 | 3.9 | 3.7 | 5.8 | 5.2 | 4.8 |
| Oceania | 8.6 | 9.6 | 9.4 | 10.0 | 11.3 | 10.2 |
| Caucasus and Central Asia | 3.5 | 4.4 | 4.8 | 6.6 | 6.0 | 5.9 |
| Developed regions | 2.0 | 1.3 | 1.2 | 3.1 | 1.9 | 1.9 |
| Least developed countries | 9.6 | 8.9 | 7.7 | 11.1 | 10.2 | 9.8 |

(b) Worldwide weighted tariff-average of agriculture products

(Percentage)

| | Pre | Preferential ^a | | MFN^b | | | |
|---------------------------------|------|---------------------------|------|---------|------|------|--|
| | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 | |
| Developing regions | 17.0 | 13.6 | 12.6 | 21.4 | 17.6 | 16.7 | |
| Northern Africa | 15.2 | 16.5 | 10.2 | 17.8 | 18.2 | 11.8 | |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 11.4 | 11.0 | 10.3 | 14.3 | 13.7 | 13.3 | |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 6.1 | 5.6 | 5.5 | 20.9 | 21.7 | 16.4 | |
| Eastern Asia | 32.6 | 20.2 | 16.7 | 32.9 | 21.0 | 20.3 | |
| Southern Asia | 30.4 | 21.0 | 25.7 | 31.2 | 21.8 | 27.0 | |
| South-Eastern Asia | 11.9 | 9.8 | 7.3 | 14.2 | 12.5 | 11.3 | |
| Western Asia | 9.5 | 10.6 | 11.6 | 10.9 | 12.3 | 13.3 | |
| Oceania | 9.1 | 11.9 | 10.9 | 10.1 | 13.0 | 11.4 | |
| Caucasus and Central Asia | 7.3 | 5.7 | 5.8 | 13.6 | 10.9 | 10.0 | |
| Developed regions | 10.1 | 4.0 | 3.2 | 12.5 | 5.5 | 4.5 | |
| Least developed countries | 9.7 | 8.8 | 9.8 | 11.6 | 10.7 | 12.4 | |

(c) Worldwide weighted tariff-average of arms

(Percentage)

| | Preferential ^a | | | MFN^b | | |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------|------|------|---------|------|------|
| | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 |
| Developing regions | 10.9 | 8.2 | 6.9 | 11.4 | 9.6 | 8.7 |
| Northern Africa | 13.5 | 7.1 | 6.0 | 18.2 | 7.8 | 14.9 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 19.4 | 19.1 | 16.5 | 19.5 | 19.4 | 16.5 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 13.9 | 13.0 | 7.9 | 17.1 | 15.8 | 11.8 |
| Eastern Asia | 0.2 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 0.2 | 0.5 | 0.6 |
| Southern Asia | 36.9 | 18.4 | 13.0 | 36.9 | 19.5 | 20.4 |

| | Preferential ^a | | | MFN^b | | |
|---------------------------|---------------------------|------|------|---------|------|------|
| | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 7.6 | 10.8 | 6.8 | 8.2 | 14.6 | 8.6 |
| Western Asia | 4.9 | 4.8 | 4.1 | 5.0 | 5.0 | 4.7 |
| Oceania | 16.4 | 22.3 | 29.6 | 17.3 | 23.2 | 29.7 |
| Caucasus and Central Asia | 3.8 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 12.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Developed regions | 1.2 | 0.9 | 0.9 | 1.8 | 1.3 | 1.3 |
| Least developed countries | 26.3 | 21.1 | 21.8 | 26.5 | 21.7 | 23.5 |

(d) Worldwide weighted tariff-average of clothing

(Percentage)

| | Preferential ^a | | | MFN^b | | |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------|------|------|---------|------|------|
| | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 |
| Developing regions | 7.3 | 8.8 | 8.0 | 10.3 | 11.1 | 11.3 |
| Northern Africa | 32.7 | 23.1 | 18.8 | 36.9 | 26.8 | 26.5 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 32.0 | 30.4 | 25.1 | 39.4 | 34.2 | 29.8 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 12.8 | 17.2 | 16.0 | 23.3 | 22.5 | 21.0 |
| Eastern Asia | 2.3 | 3.0 | 3.4 | 3.1 | 3.8 | 6.8 |
| Southern Asia | 32.6 | 22.8 | 16.6 | 33.2 | 23.3 | 18.9 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 7.2 | 5.2 | 3.5 | 8.8 | 9.2 | 7.7 |
| Western Asia | 5.9 | 5.6 | 5.6 | 6.1 | 7.8 | 6.7 |
| Oceania | 18.5 | 19.4 | 20.5 | 19.7 | 20.5 | 21.0 |
| Caucasus and Central Asia | 8.1 | 8.2 | 15.3 | 9.3 | 8.4 | 15.9 |
| Developed regions | 9.6 | 7.4 | 7.1 | 13.5 | 10.2 | 10.5 |
| Least developed countries | 36.0 | 23.9 | 19.1 | 40.4 | 26.8 | 21.5 |

(e) Worldwide weighted tariff-average of industrial products

(Percentage)

| | Preferential ^a | | MFN^b | | | |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------|------|---------|------|------|------|
| | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 |
| Developing regions | 4.4 | 4.0 | 3.6 | 5.7 | 5.4 | 5.4 |
| Northern Africa | 10.6 | 8.2 | 5.7 | 13.0 | 10.4 | 11.2 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 7.4 | 7.5 | 6.3 | 8.6 | 8.3 | 7.2 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 4.9 | 5.0 | 3.7 | 9.9 | 9.8 | 6.2 |
| Eastern Asia | 3.1 | 3.4 | 3.5 | 3.2 | 3.7 | 5.3 |
| Southern Asia | 12.5 | 8.3 | 8.1 | 12.6 | 8.4 | 8.3 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 2.3 | 2.0 | 1.5 | 3.2 | 3.3 | 3.3 |
| Western Asia | 4.4 | 3.1 | 2.6 | 5.0 | 4.3 | 3.7 |
| Oceania | 8.4 | 8.7 | 8.9 | 10.0 | 10.6 | 9.6 |
| Caucasus and Central Asia | 3.1 | 4.2 | 4.3 | 5.7 | 5.4 | 4.9 |

| | Pre | Preferential ^a | | | MFN^b | | |
|---------------------------|------|---------------------------|------|------|---------|------|--|
| | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 | |
| Developed regions | 1.2 | 0.8 | 0.8 | 2.3 | 1.3 | 1.3 | |
| Least developed countries | 8.9 | 8.1 | 7.2 | 10.3 | 9.4 | 9.1 | |

(f) Worldwide weighted tariff-average of oil

| | Preferential ^a | | | MFN^b | | |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------|------|------|---------|------|------|
| | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 |
| Developing regions | 1.7 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 2.0 | 0.8 | 0.7 |
| Northern Africa | 4.1 | 1.1 | 0.2 | 8.6 | 5.2 | 0.6 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 0.6 | 0.8 | 0.9 | 0.7 | 0.8 | 0.9 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 1.1 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 2.7 | 1.3 | 1.2 |
| Eastern Asia | 2.4 | 1.0 | 0.8 | 2.4 | 1.0 | 0.9 |
| Southern Asia | 4.1 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 4.1 | 0.0 | 0.1 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 0.6 | 0.7 | 0.4 | 0.6 | 0.7 | 0.5 |
| Western Asia | 1.4 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 4.7 | 0.8 | 5.0 |
| Oceania | 4.0 | 6.9 | 4.3 | 4.0 | 6.9 | 4.3 |
| Caucasus and Central Asia | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.0 | 5.0 | 0.0 | 1.0 |
| Developed regions | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.0 |
| Least developed countries | 3.7 | 3.2 | 2.1 | 3.7 | 3.4 | 2.1 |

(g) Worldwide weighted tariff-average of textiles

| | Preferential ^a | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|
| | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 |
| Developing regions | 9.8 | 7.6 | 5.9 | 12.2 | 9.7 | 8.7 |
| Northern Africa | 23.9 | 13.4 | 5.3 | 28.4 | 16.5 | 11.6 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 14.7 | 14.5 | 14.0 | 16.9 | 15.7 | 15.6 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 6.9 | 10.0 | 8.4 | 14.1 | 15.6 | 12.1 |
| Eastern Asia | 6.3 | 4.5 | 3.8 | 6.8 | 5.2 | 5.8 |
| Southern Asia | 18.6 | 14.6 | 11.7 | 18.7 | 14.9 | 12.2 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 13.3 | 5.5 | 4.2 | 14.9 | 8.3 | 8.4 |
| Western Asia | 5.0 | 3.7 | 3.9 | 5.4 | 5.3 | 5.1 |
| Oceania | 6.9 | 9.3 | 9.1 | 8.1 | 10.7 | 9.8 |
| Caucasus and Central Asia | 6.8 | 6.3 | 7.8 | 10.6 | 7.6 | 8.6 |
| Developed regions | 4.8 | 3.6 | 3.4 | 7.3 | 4.7 | 4.7 |
| Least developed countries | 15.3 | 16.3 | 7.4 | 16.4 | 16.9 | 9.9 |

^a Under preferential status ^b Under most-favoured-nation status

Target 17.11 Significantly increase the exports of developing countries, in particular with a view to doubling the least developed countries' share of global exports by 2020

Indicator 17.11.1

Developing countries' and least developed countries' share of global exports

(a) Share of global services exports

(Percentage)

| | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2014 |
|---------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| All developing countries | 23.13 | 23.38 | 27.85 | 29.94 |
| Least developed countries | 0.46 | 0.45 | 0.62 | 0.77 |

(b) Share of global merchandise exports

| (Percentage) | | | | |
|---------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2014 |
| All developing countries | 31.92 | 36.26 | 42.08 | 44.63 |
| Least developed countries | 0.56 | 0.78 | 1.06 | 1.08 |

Target 17.12

Realize timely implementation of duty-free and quota-free market access on a lasting basis for all least developed countries, consistent with World Trade Organization decisions, including by ensuring that preferential rules of origin applicable to imports from least developed countries are transparent and simple, and contribute to facilitating market access

Indicator 17.12.1

Average tariffs faced by developing countries, least developed countries and small island developing States

(a) Under the most-favoured-nation status

(Percentage)

| | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2014 |
|--------------------------|------|------|------|------|
| All developing countries | 6.1 | 5.7 | 5.5 | 5.7 |

(b)

| | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2014 |
|--|------|------|------|------|
| Least developed countries | 5.2 | 4.9 | 4.9 | 5.0 |
| Under the preferential status ^a (Percentage) | | | | |
| | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2014 |
| All developing countries | 4.9 | 4.1 | 3.7 | 3.7 |
| Least developed countries | 2.8 | 2.4 | 2.1 | 2.1 |

^a The true preference margin is calculated by subtracting from the total duty-free access all products receiving duty-free treatment under the most-favoured-nation regime. The indicators are based on the best available treatment, including regional and preferential agreements.

Target 17.18

By 2020, enhance capacity-building support to developing countries, including for least developed countries and small island developing States, to increase significantly the availability of highquality, timely and reliable data disaggregated by income, gender, age, race, ethnicity, migratory status, disability, geographic location and other characteristics relevant in national contexts

Indicator 17.18.3

Number of countries with a national statistical plan that is fully funded and under implementation, by source of funding

| | 2010 | 2015 |
|---------------------------------|------|------|
| Developing regions | 56 | 54 |
| Northern Africa | 3 | 1 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 24 | 33 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 8 | 3 |
| Eastern Asia | 1 | 1 |
| Southern Asia | 3 | 5 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 6 | 5 |
| Western Asia | 4 | 1 |
| Oceania | 4 | 3 |
| Caucasus and Central Asia | 3 | 2 |
| Least developed countries | 21 | 31 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 16 | 20 |
| Small island developing States | 9 | 7 |

Note: Some countries have been excluded because of the lack information. The exact list of countries covered can be found at http://www.paris21.org/nsds-status. For both 2010 and 2015, countries in the implementation of their National Statistical Plan were included.

Target 17.19 By 2030, build on existing initiatives to develop measurements of progress on sustainable development that complement gross domestic product, and support statistical capacity-building in developing countries

Indicator 17.19.1

Dollar value of all resources made available to strengthen statistical capacity in developing countries

| | 2010 | 2013 |
|---------------------------------|-------------|-------------|
| World | 379 445 317 | 324 602 191 |
| Developing regions | 341 490 906 | 307 620 956 |
| Northern Africa | 2 486 585 | 181 137 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 75 117 886 | 120 588 678 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 102 502 859 | 7 872 156 |
| Eastern Asia | 1 252 758 | 294 981 |
| Southern Asia | 124 683 681 | 80 062 987 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 14 400 171 | 58 836 630 |
| Western Asia | 7 810 312 | 31 809 922 |
| Oceania | 2 878 733 | 1 084 421 |
| Caucasus and Central Asia | 10 357 921 | 6 890 044 |
| Developed regions | 37 954 411 | 16 981 234 |
| Least developed countries | 81 260 283 | 264 745 767 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 53 665 354 | 99 782 731 |
| Small island developing States | 6 606 387 | 4 075 935 |

(Current United States dollars)

Indicator 17.19.2

Proportion of countries that (a) have conducted at least one population and housing census in the last 10 years; and (b) have achieved 100 per cent birth registration and 80 per cent death registration

(a) Number and proportion of countries that have conducted at least one population and housing census in the last 10 years

| | Number of censuses conducted | Proportion of countries that conducted a census (Percentage) |
|--------------------|---------------------------------|--|
| | 2006-2015 | 2006-2015 |
| World | 203 | 90 |
| Developing regions | 150 | 88 |
| Northern Africa | 5 | 83 |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 44 | 86 |

| | Number of censuses conducted | Proportion of countries that conducted a census (Percentage) |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|
| | 2006-2015 | 2006-2015 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 42 | 91 |
| Eastern Asia | 6 | 100 |
| Southern Asia | 6 | 67 |
| South-Eastern Asia | 11 | 100 |
| Western Asia | 9 | 69 |
| Oceania | 20 | 100 |
| Caucasus and Central Asia | 7 | 88 |
| Developed regions | 53 | 96 |
| Least developed countries | 38 | 79 |
| Landlocked developing countries | 27 | 84 |
| Small island developing States | 49 | 96 |

Sources: Data are provided by international agencies of the United Nations system and other international organizations. The full list of contributing organizations is available at: <u stats.un.org/sdgs/>.

Notes: Except where indicated, regional groupings are based on United Nations geographical regions, with some modifications necessary to create, to the extent possible, homogeneous groups of countries for analysis and presentation. The regional groupings used for the Sustainable Development Goal Report 2016 (E/2016/75) will be made available at: <u stats.un.org/sdgs/>.

There is no established convention for the designation of "developed" and "developing" countries or areas in the United Nations system. Where shown, the expression "developed regions" comprises Europe, Australia, Canada, Israel, Japan, New Zealand and the United States. The expression always includes transition countries in Europe. Until a definition of developing countries is agreed, the SDG indicators will provisionally aggregate all countries located in "developing regions" for the purposes of monitoring indicators related to "developing countries".

